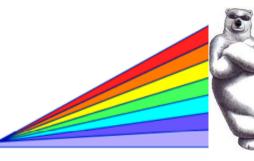
Insertion Devices for Polarization Dependent Experiments

George Srajer

Insertion Devices Workshop, December 5, 2002



Sector 4 Main Features

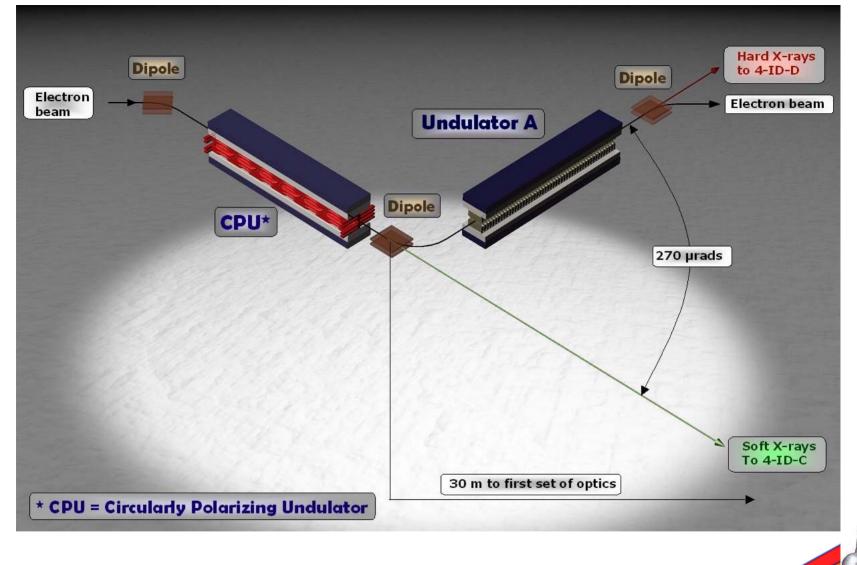
Application/analysis of polarized radiation using

- \diamond scattering
- \diamond spectroscopy
- \diamond imaging

Two independently operating branches:

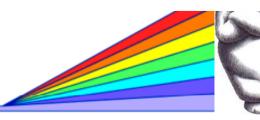
- $0.5 3 \text{ keV} \Rightarrow$ circularly polarized undulator
- 3 100 keV \Rightarrow undulator A

Canted Undulators in Sector 4

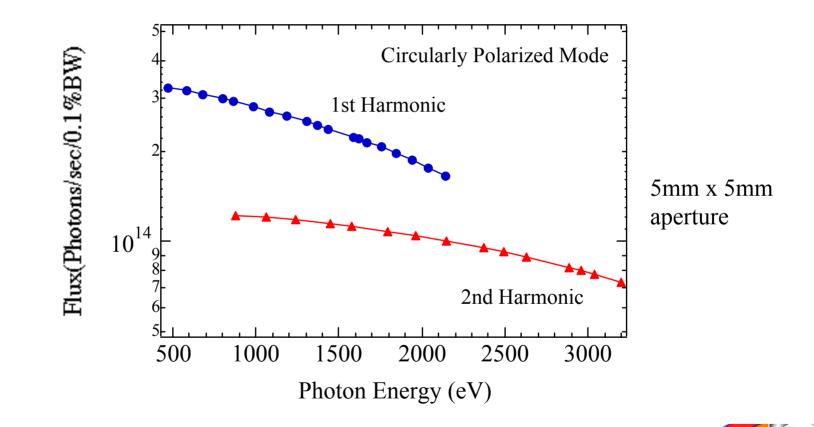


Sources of Polarized Radiation

- 4-ID-C: \Rightarrow circularly polarized undulator
 - Current operating mode : circular
 - Frequency: ~ 5 minutes to switch helicity \Rightarrow DC mode

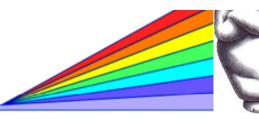


Calculated Flux for the CPU



Future CPU Needs (0.5 - 3.0 keV)

- Operate with linear modes
- Operate in AC mode up to 10 Hz



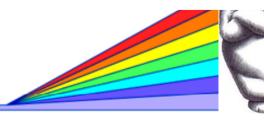
Sources of Polarized Radiation, continued

4-ID-D: \Rightarrow undulator A + phase retarding optics

• Current operating mode:

♦ 10.5 mm gap \Rightarrow Pd L-edge at 3.173 keV

• Helicity switching up to 40 Hz



Future Needs

• Extend lower energy range limit

 \diamond 9.5 mm gap \Rightarrow S K-edge at 2.472 keV

Price: \Rightarrow lots of heat

100 mA beam current	Undulator A	CPU
Period length	3.3 cm	12.8 cm
Number of periods	72	34
Maximum K (at 9.5 mm	3.175	2.75
gap)		
Total power	7822 w	714 w
Peak power density	189 kw/mrad ²	19.9 kw/mrad²



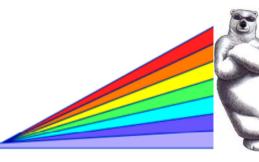
Heat load of FE components restrict operation at 9.5 mm

Yifei Jaski's Conclusion and Recommendation:

At 100 mA, the undulator A in 4-ID is allowed to operate at

the minimum gap of 9.5 mm (k=3.175) with the condition

that the **CPU** is off.



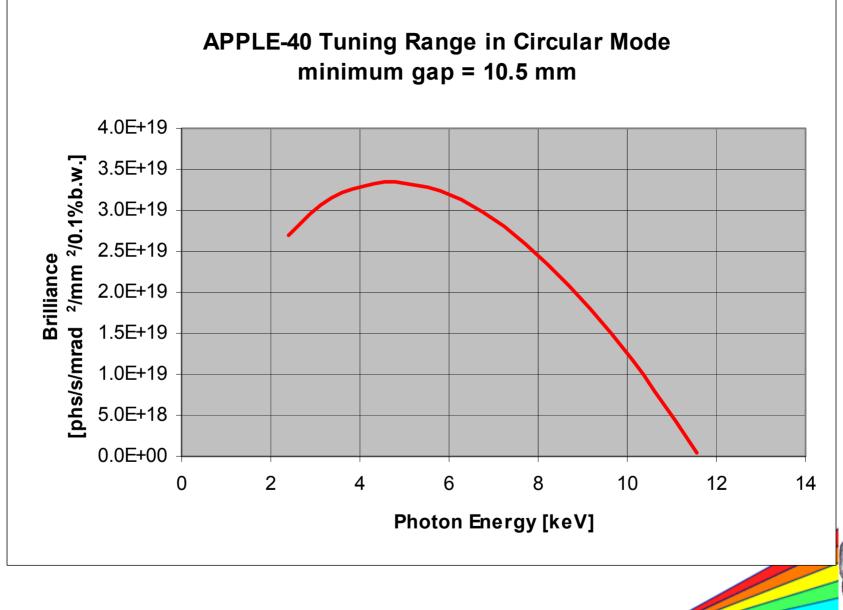
Possible Solution

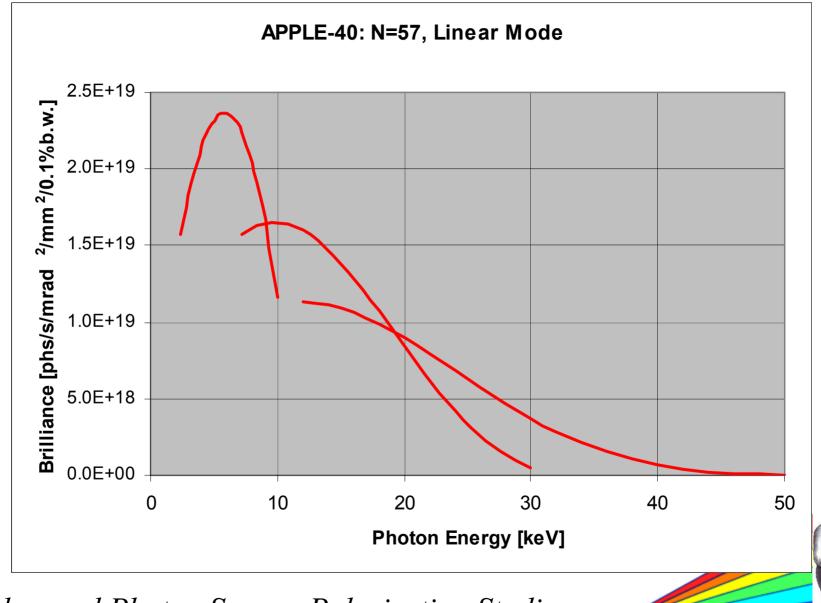
APPLE*-type device:

Energy tunability and manageable power load

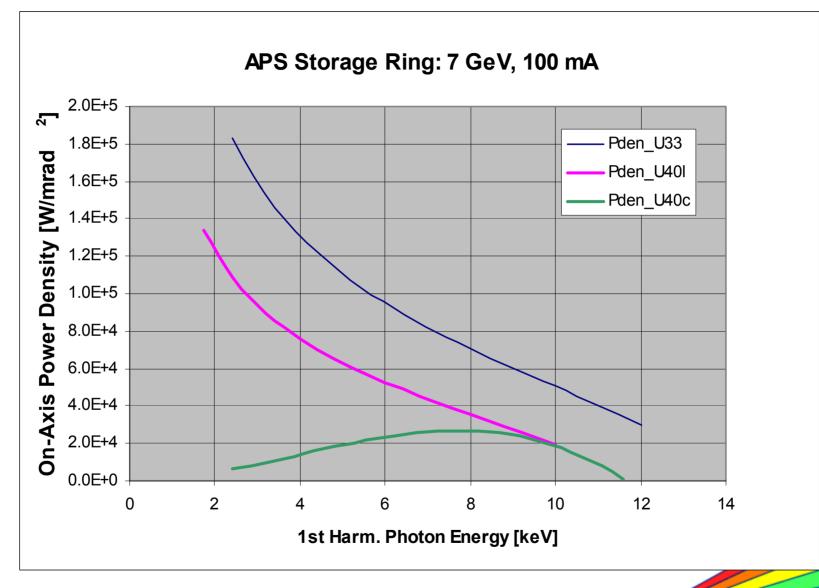
- $\lambda = 4.0 \text{ cm}$
- N = 57 periods

(* S. Sasaki, NIM A 347, 83 (1994))

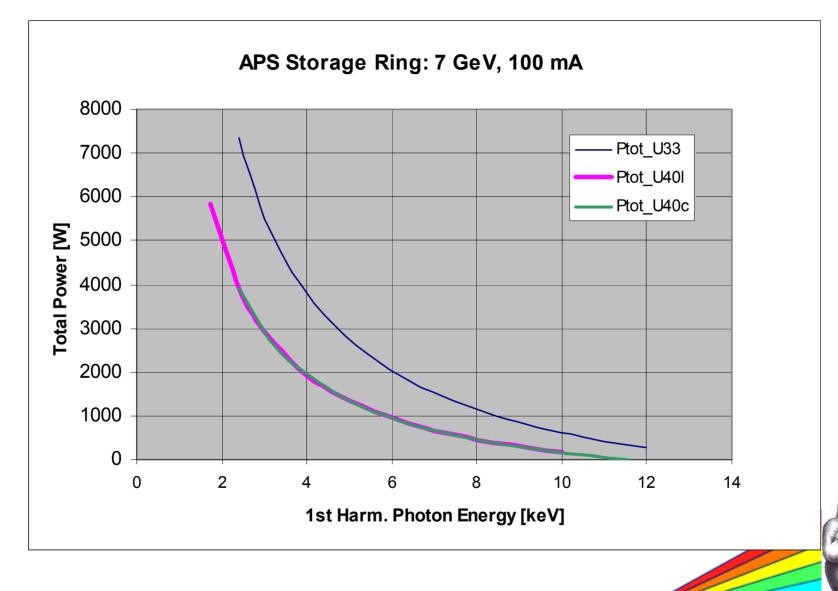




6







Conclusions

(1) Polarization sensitive experiments 0.4 - 2.5 keV

- CPU is fine but need:
 - ♦ AC mode with CP operation
 - ♦ Linear polarizations, both DC and AC
 - ♦ Switching between LP and CP
- (2) Polarization sensitive experiments above 3.1 keV
 - Undulator A + phase retarder works fine
- (3) Polarization sensitive experiments below 3.1 keV
 - APPLE-40 device would work

Circularly Polarized Undulator

