



17<sup>TH</sup> ADVANCED BEAM DYNAMICS WORKSHOP ON

**FUTURE LIGHT SOURCES**

# **Exotic Undulators with Special Polarization Characteristics**

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# **Exotic undulators with special polarization characteristics**

**Hideo Kitamura  
Harima RIKEN, SPring-8**

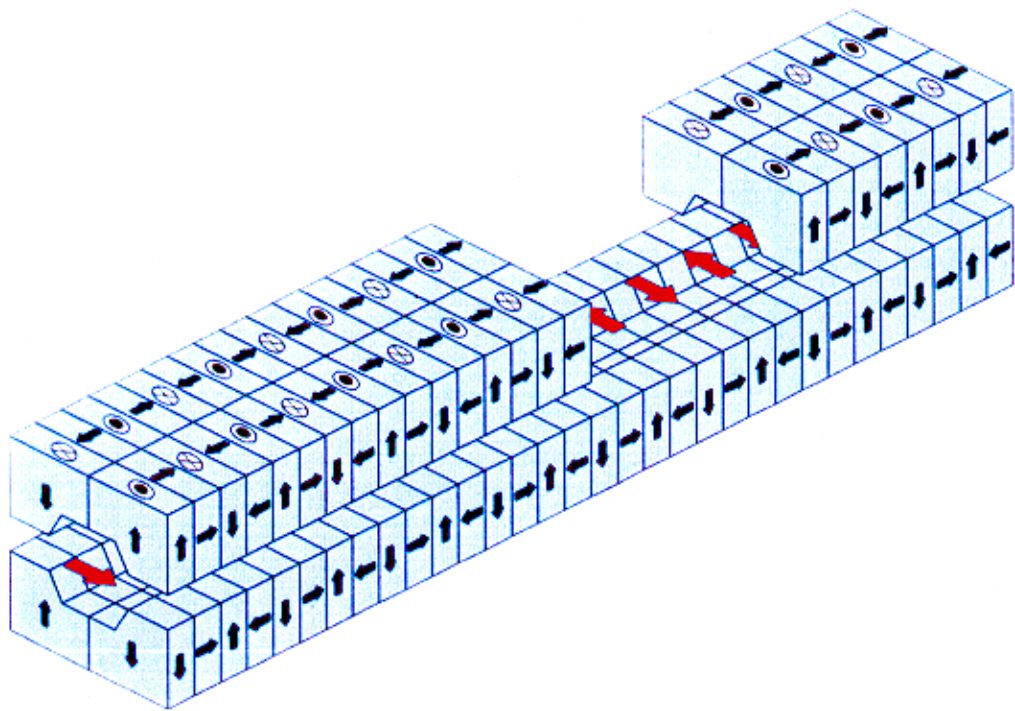
**1. Tandem vertical undulators**

**2. Twin helical undulators**

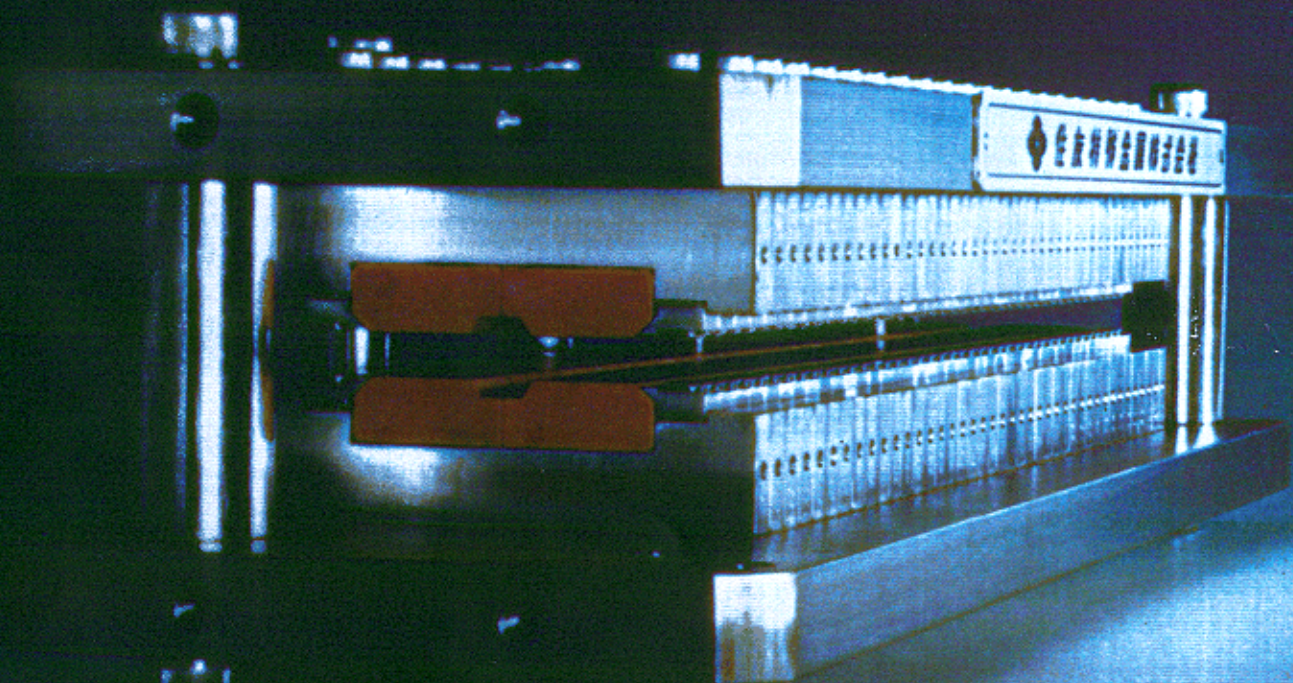
**3. Elliptic wiggler**

**4. Figure-8 undulators  
for soft x-ray region  
for x-ray region**

# Vertical Undulator

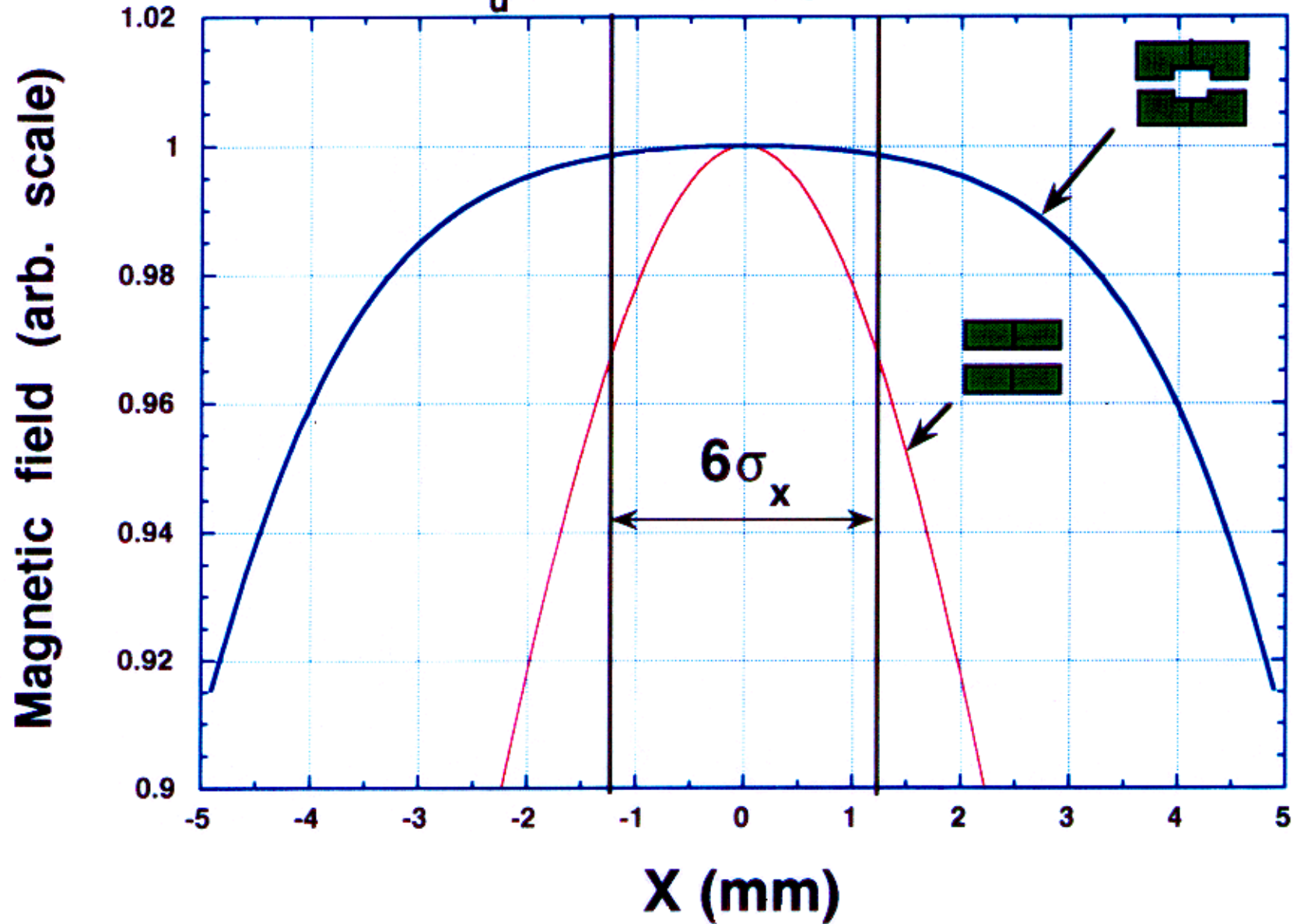


$$\lambda_u = 37\text{mm}, N = 2 \times 37, G_{\min} = 8\text{mm}$$
$$B_{\max} = 0.49\text{T}$$



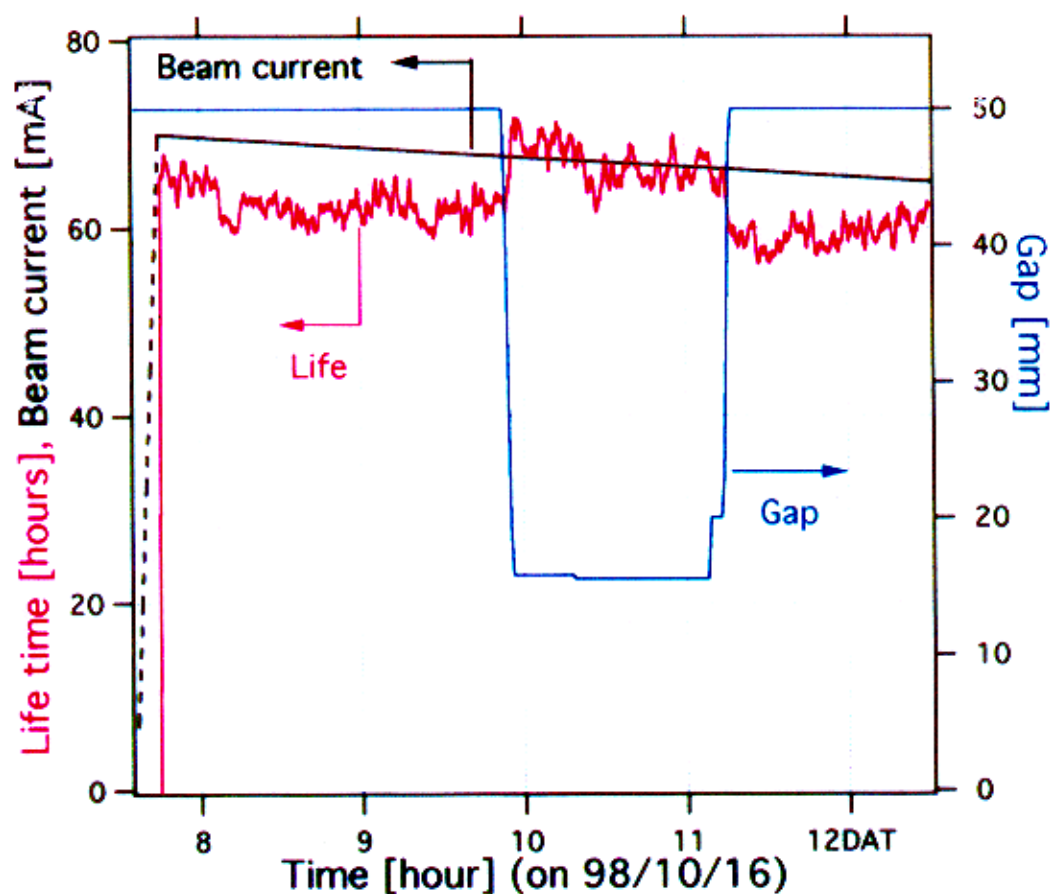
# Vertical Undulator

$\lambda_u = 3.6$  cm, Gap=10mm





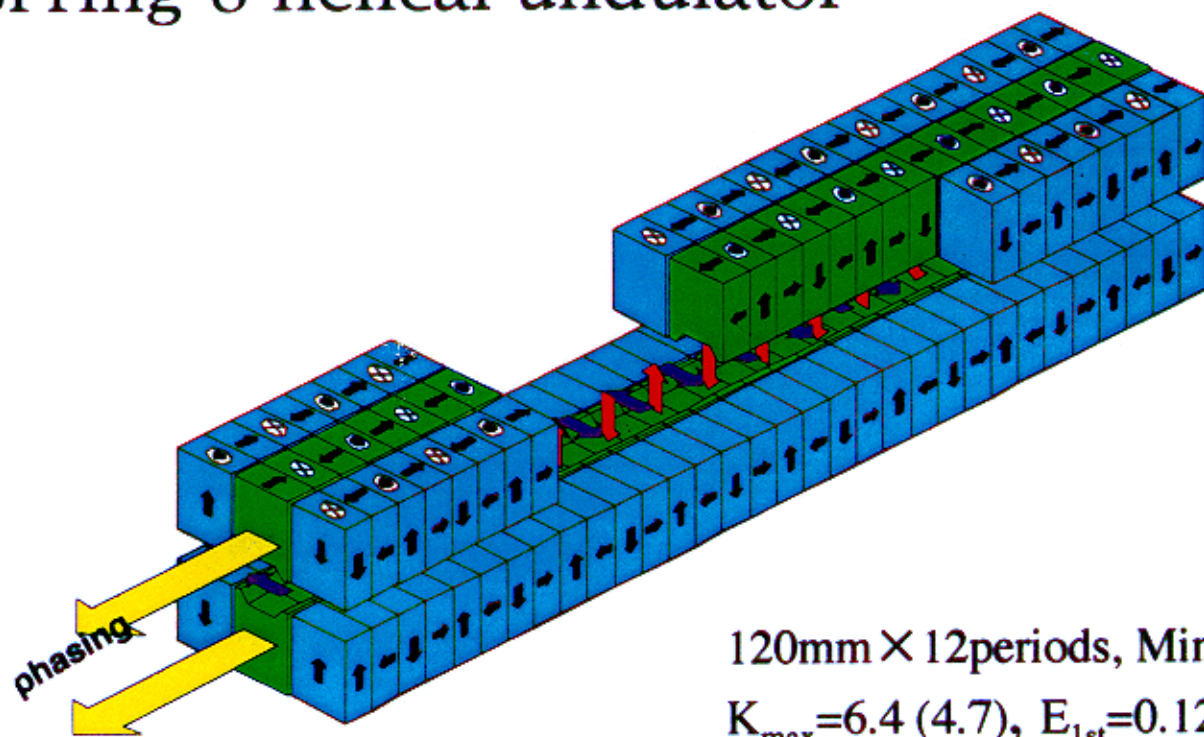
# ID45 (vertical undulator) gap v.s. life time (2/3 filling)



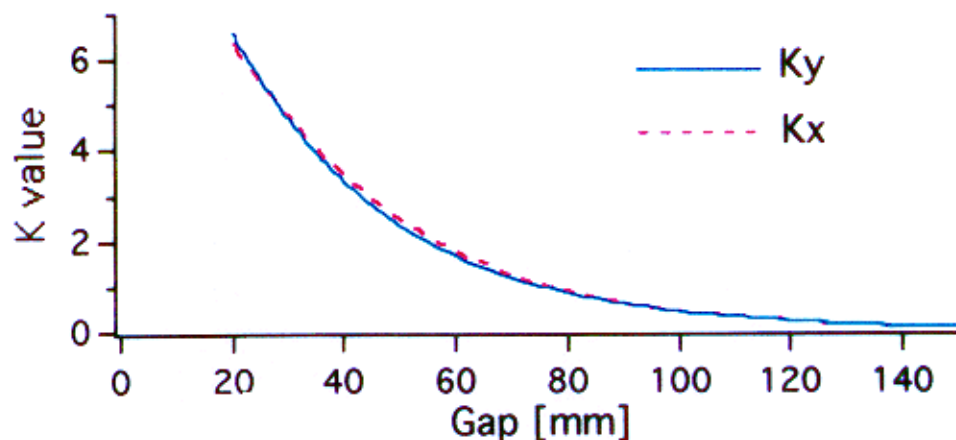
$$\frac{\epsilon_y}{\epsilon_x} < 0.25\% \quad (\text{x-ray interferometer})$$

$$\sim 0.1\% \quad (\text{lifetime})$$

# SPRING-8 helical undulator

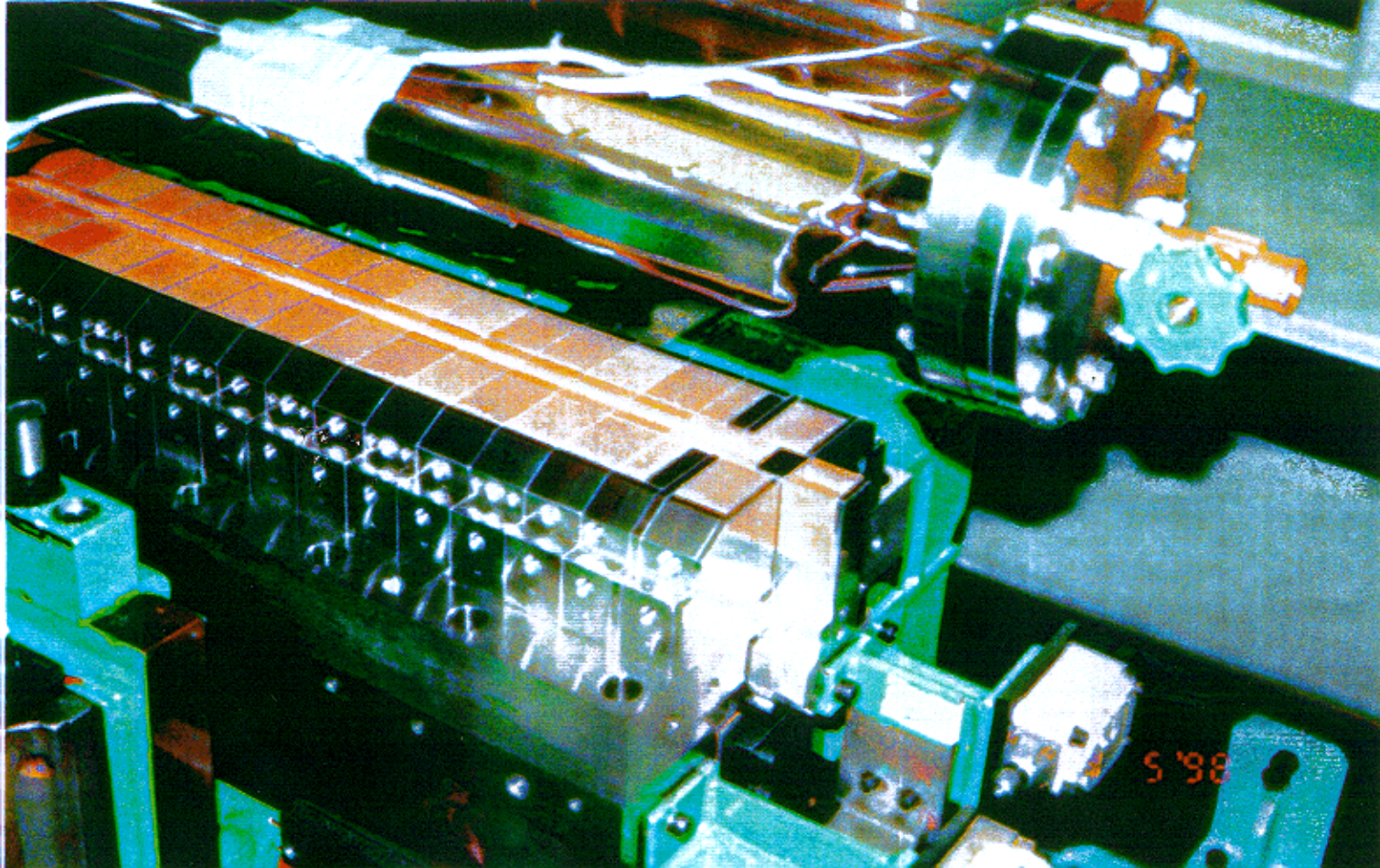


120mm  $\times$  12 periods, Minimum gap 20mm (30mm),  
 $K_{\max}=6.4$  (4.7),  $E_{1st}=0.12$  (0.22)  $\sim$  4.8keV,

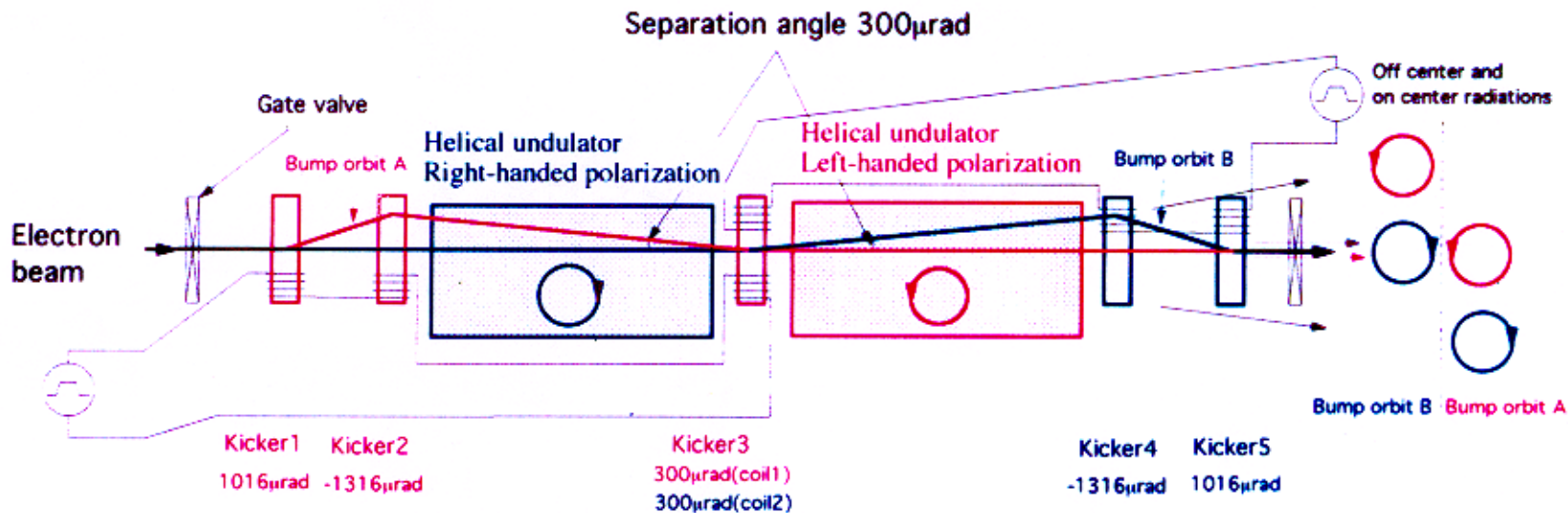






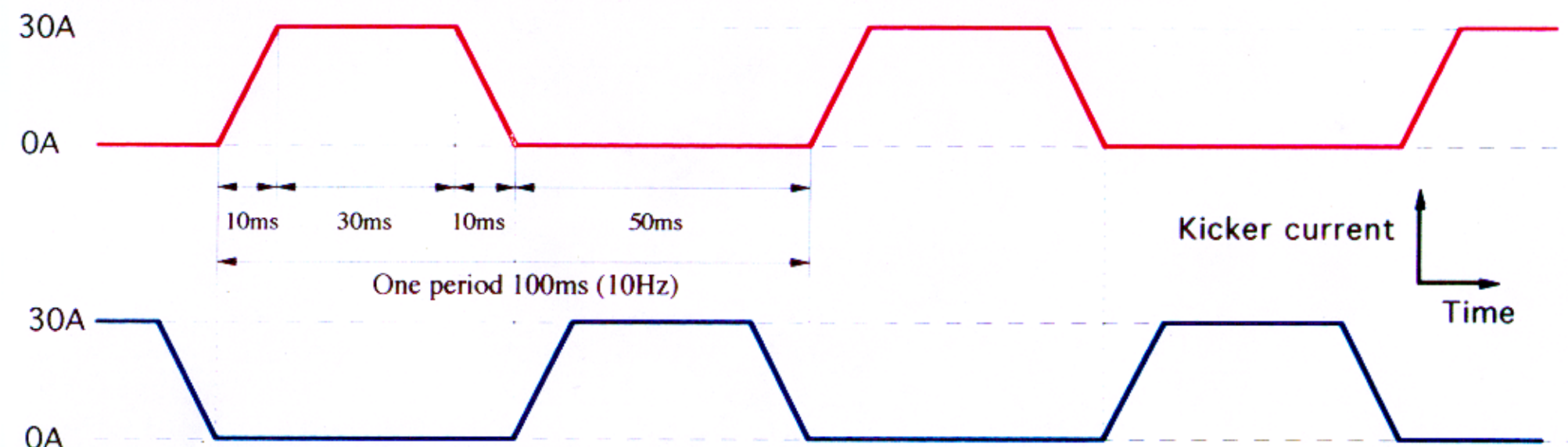


5'98



Twin helical undulator polarization switching

Excitation of local orbit bump A (kicker1+kicker2+kicker3)



Excitation of local orbit bump B (kicker3+kicker4+kicker5)

### Kick angle

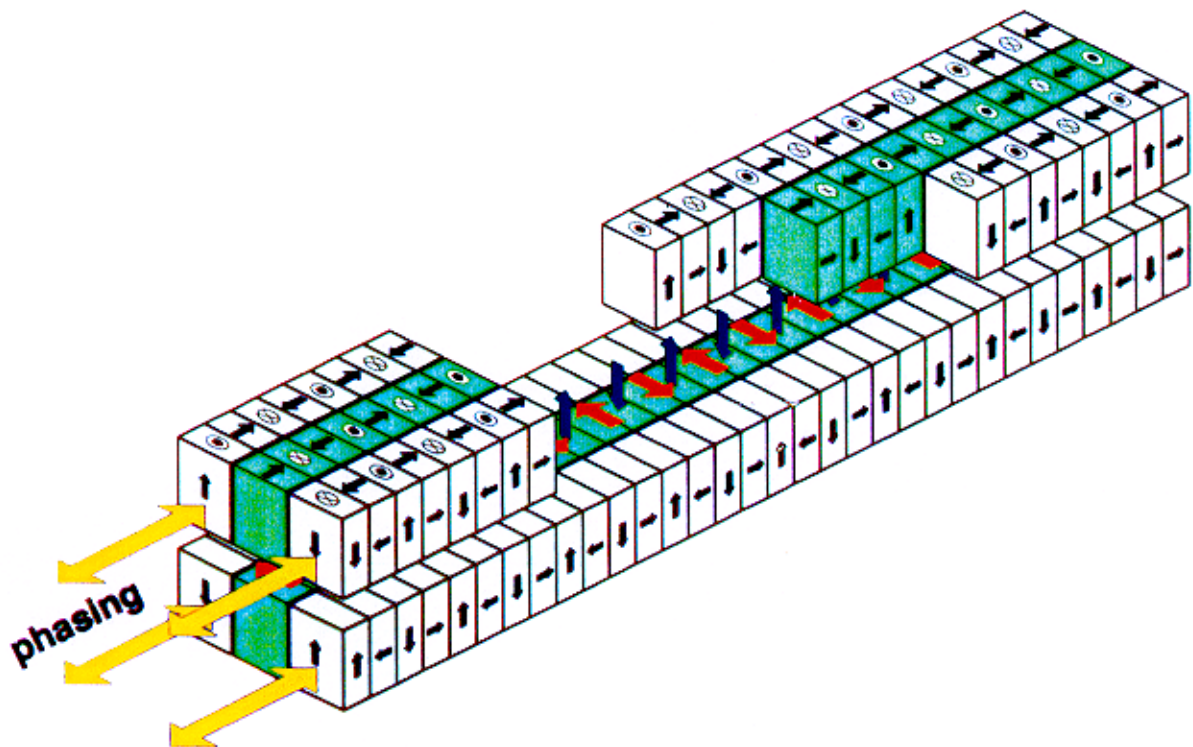
- Bump A

$$\text{kicker1}(1016\mu\text{rad}) + \text{kicker2}(-1316\mu\text{rad}) + \text{kicker3}(300\mu\text{rad}) = \text{total } 0\mu\text{rad}$$

- Bump B

$$\text{kicker3}(300\mu\text{rad}) + \text{kicker4}(-1316\mu\text{rad}) + \text{kicker5}(1016\mu\text{rad}) = \text{total } 0\mu\text{rad}$$





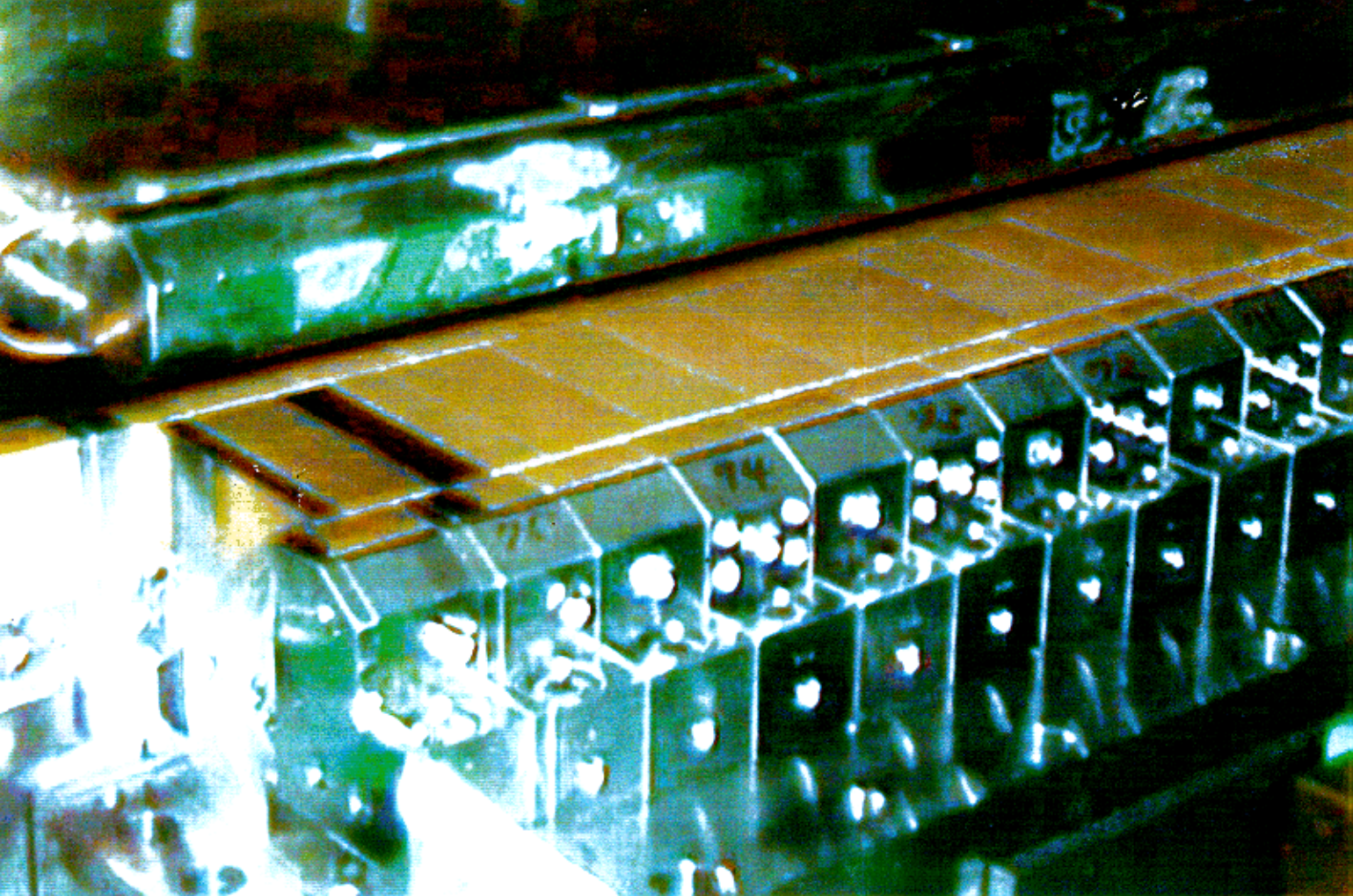
## Elliptic Wiggler

$$\lambda_u = 120\text{mm}, N = 37, G_{\min} = 20\text{mm}$$

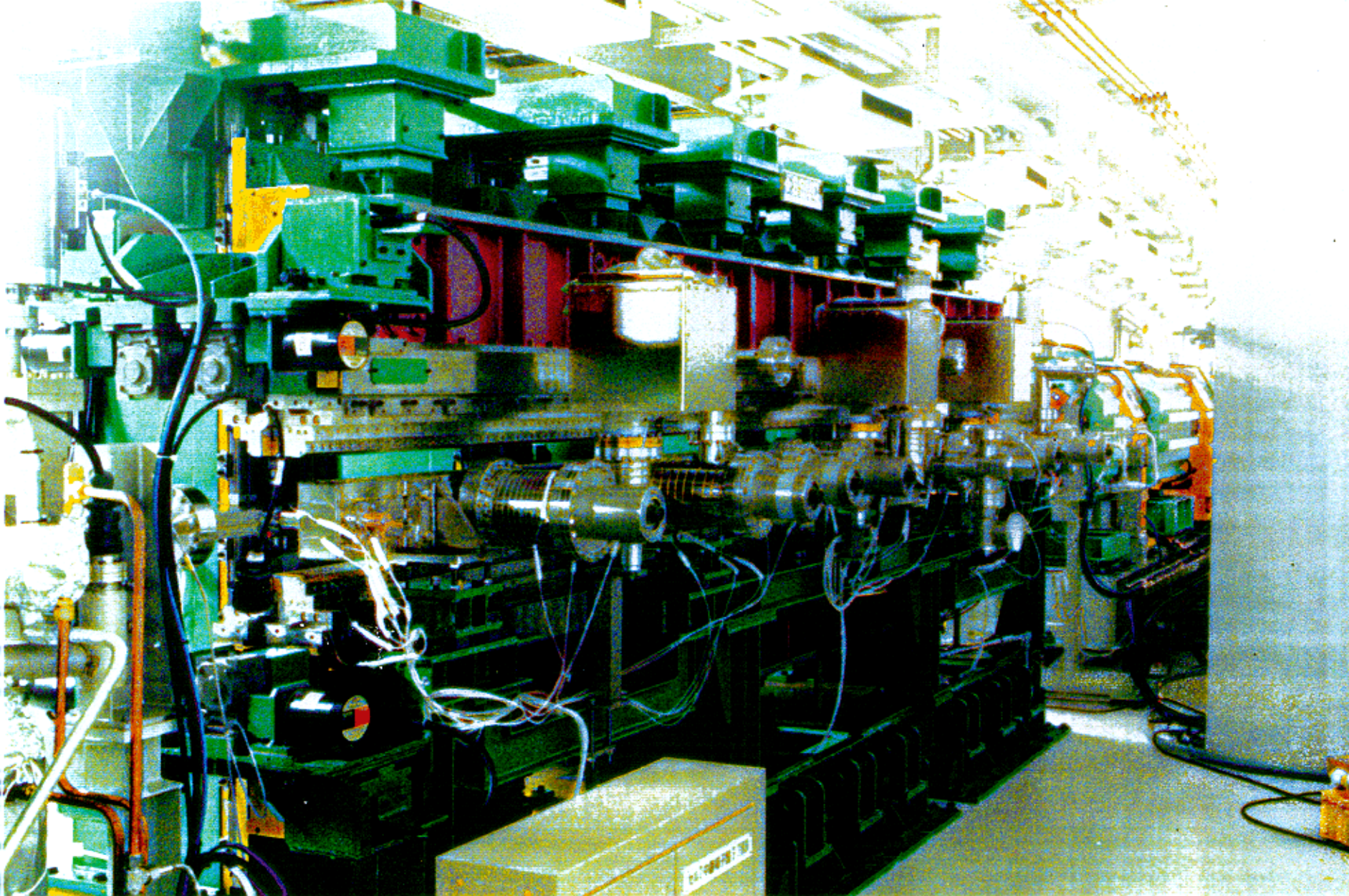
$$B_{V_{\max}} = 1.17\text{T}, B_{h_{\max}} = 0.11\text{T}$$

$$\Delta x < 7\mu\text{m}, \Delta y < 3\mu\text{m}$$



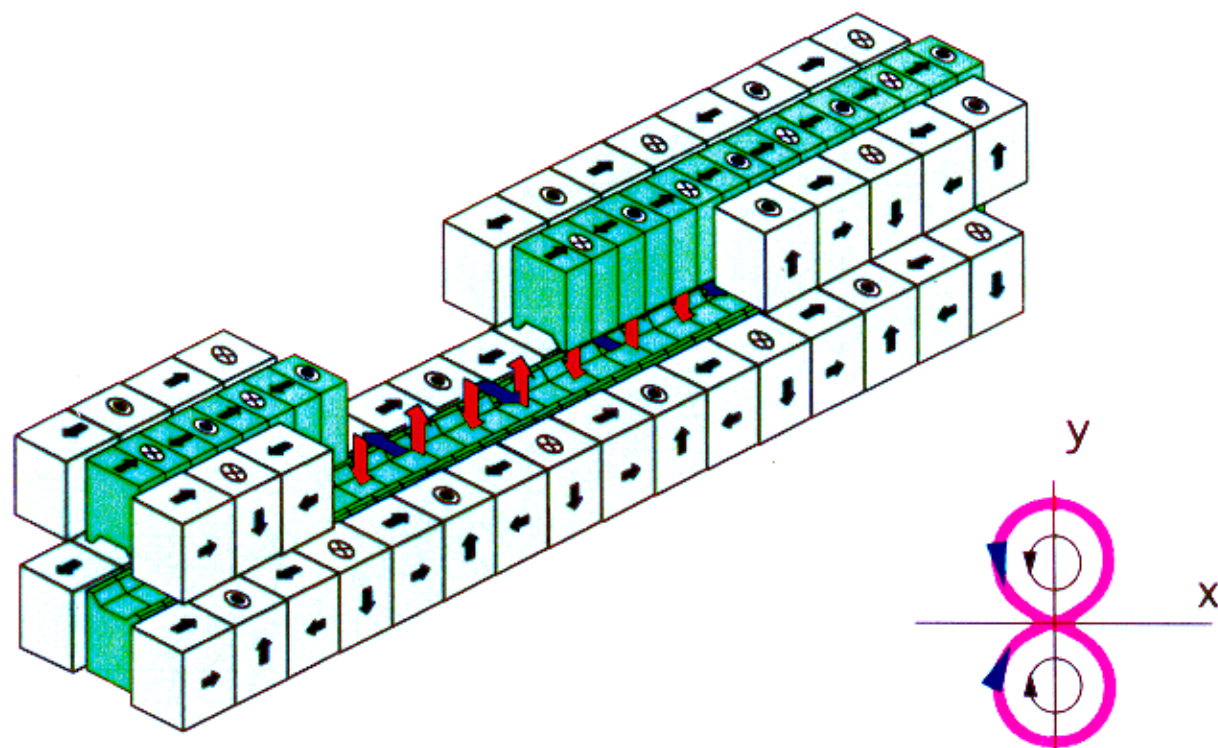








## Figure-8 Undulator



- Central power density is very low.
- Both horizontal and vertical polarization are available.

For soft x-ray region

$$\lambda_u = 100\text{mm}, N = 45, G_{\min} = 30\text{mm}$$

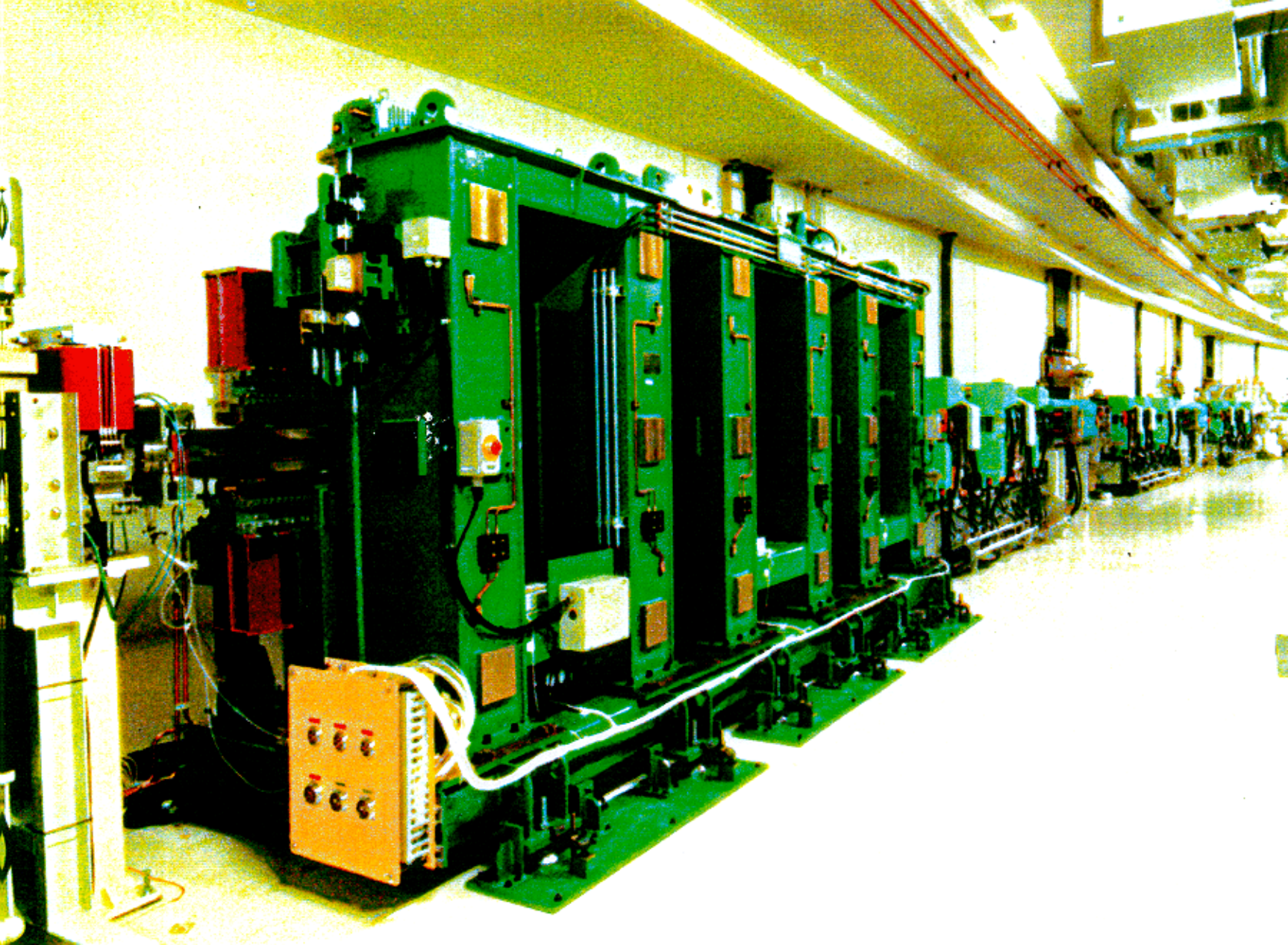
$$B_{v\max} = 0.73\text{T}, B_{h\max} = 0.23\text{T}$$

For x-ray region

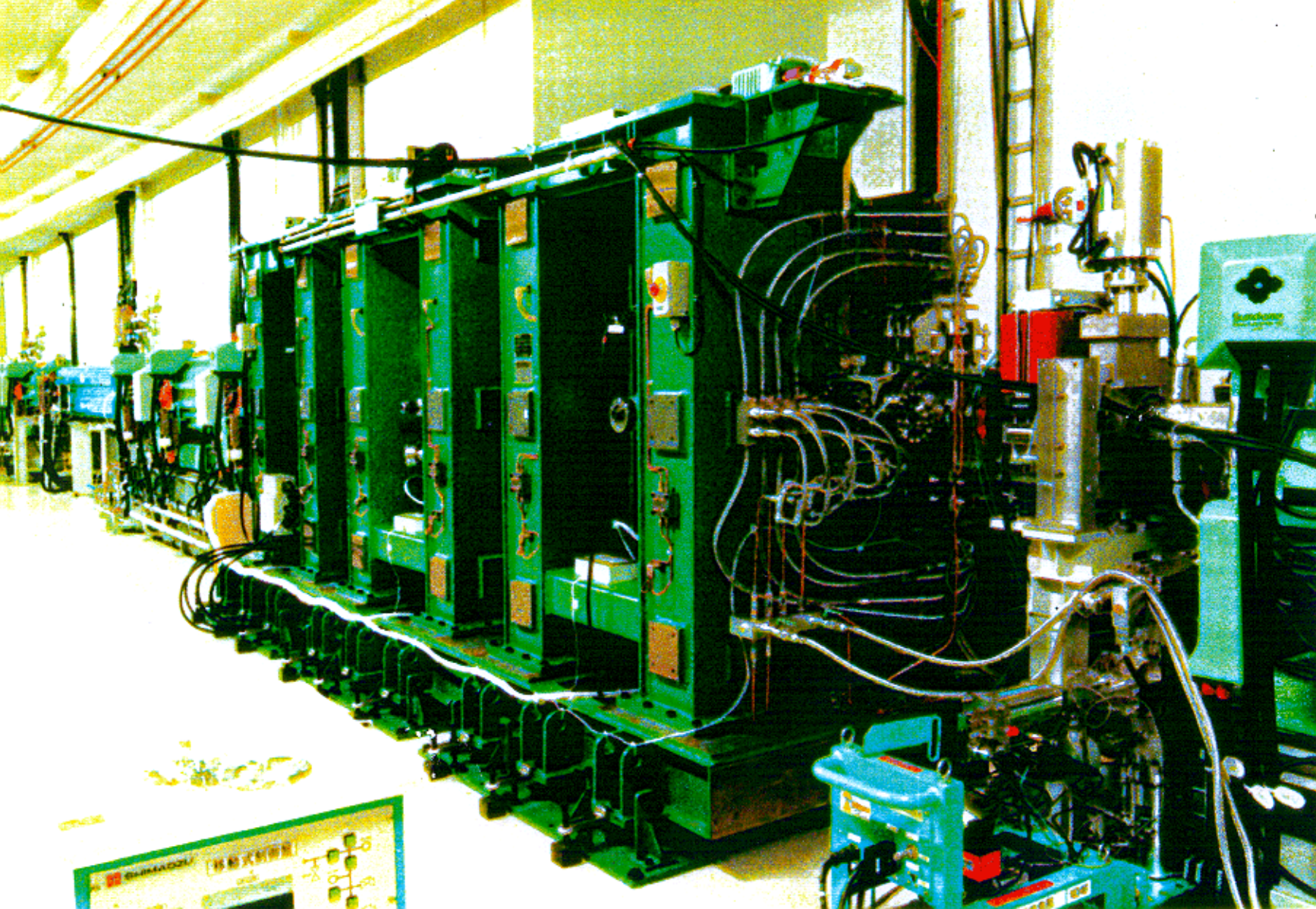
$$\lambda_u = 26\text{mm}, N = 171, G_{\min} = 5\text{mm}$$

$$B_{v\max} = 0.99\text{T}, B_{h\max} = 0.30\text{T}$$

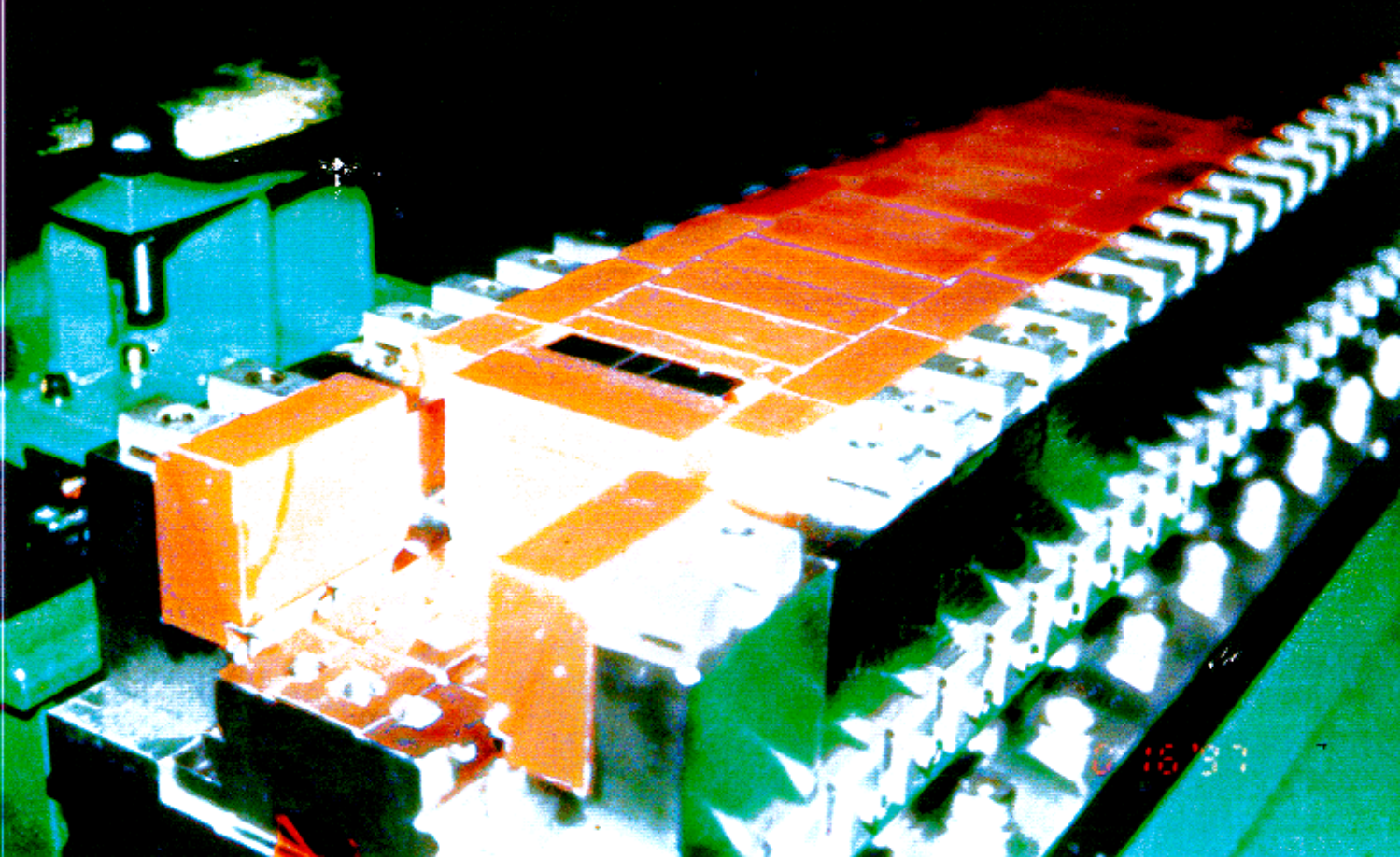




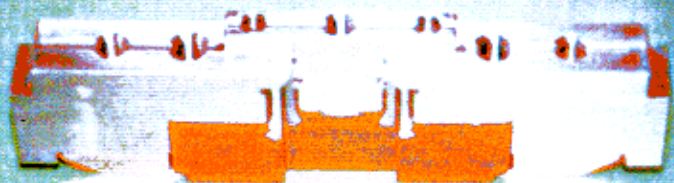




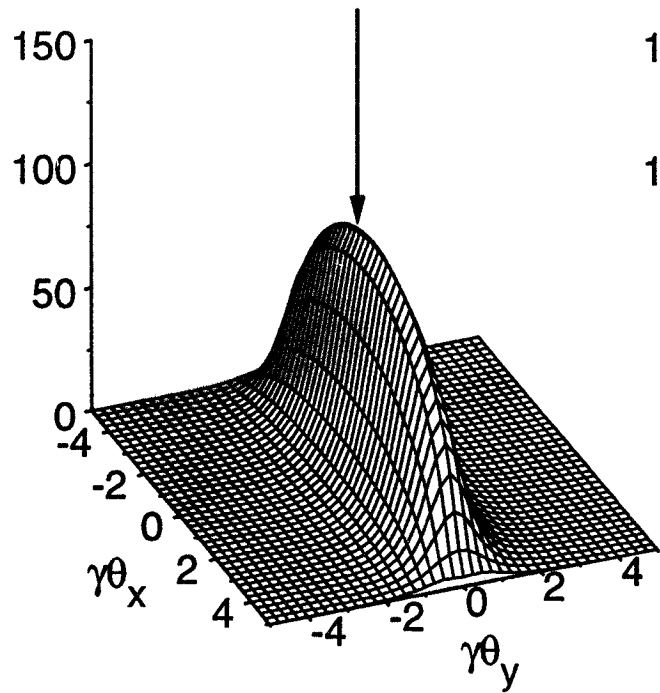






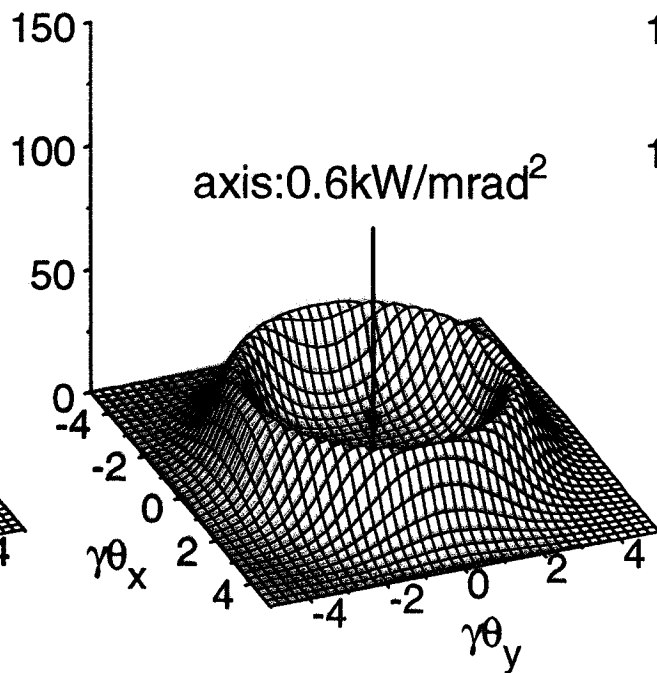


axis:98kW/mrad<sup>2</sup>



Planar

axis:0.6kW/mrad<sup>2</sup>



Helical

axis:1.4kW/mrad<sup>2</sup>

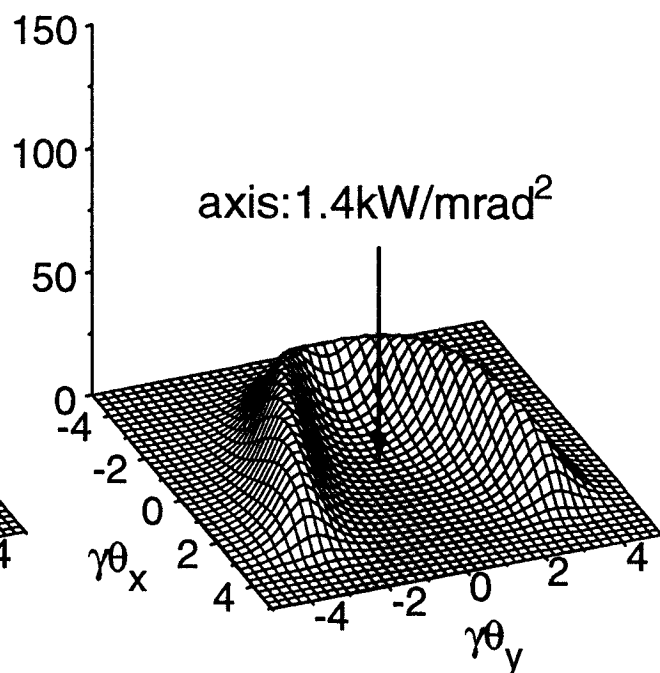
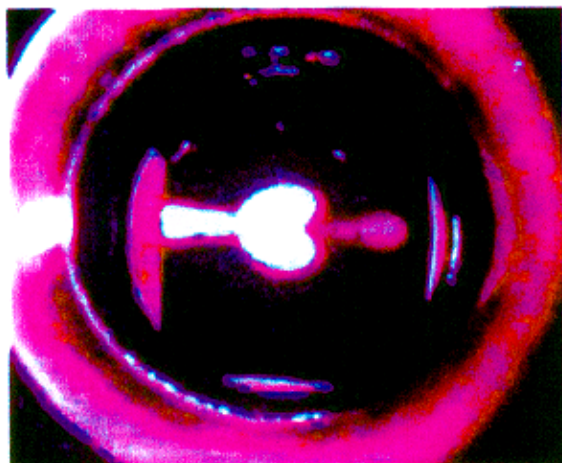


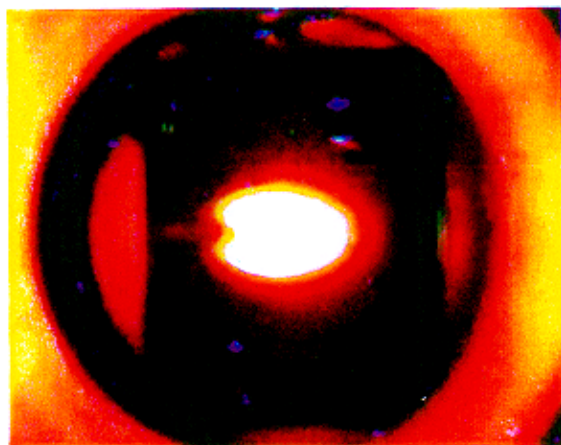
Figure-8

by Tanaka



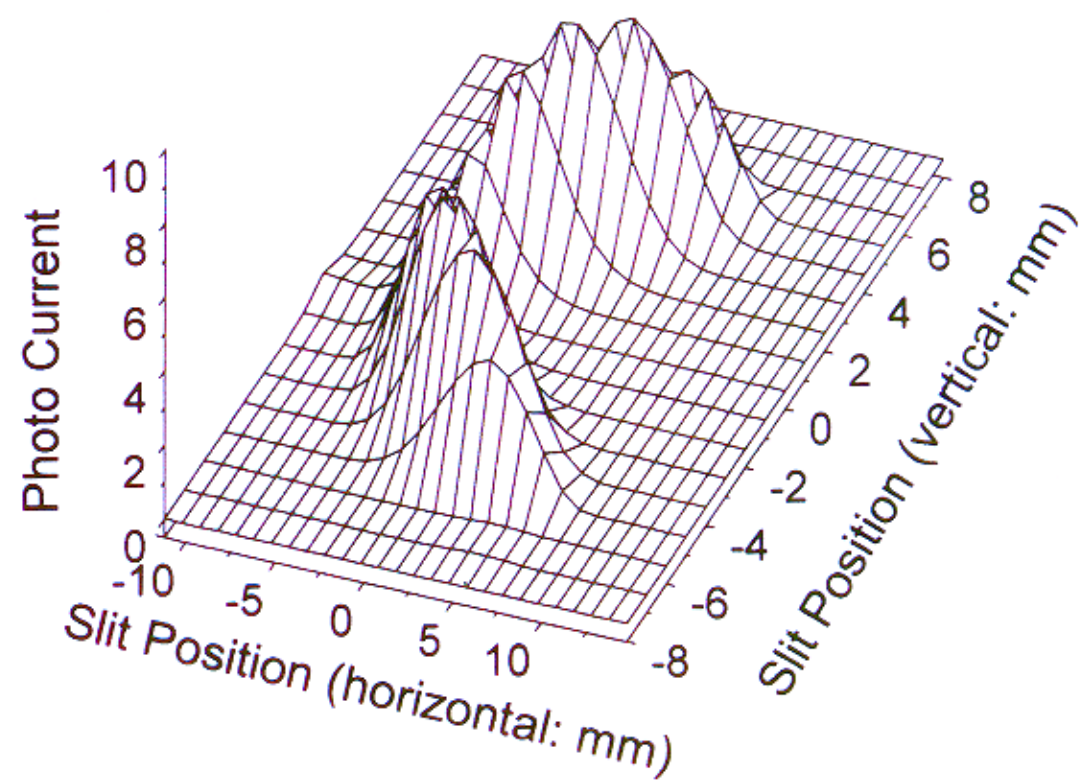
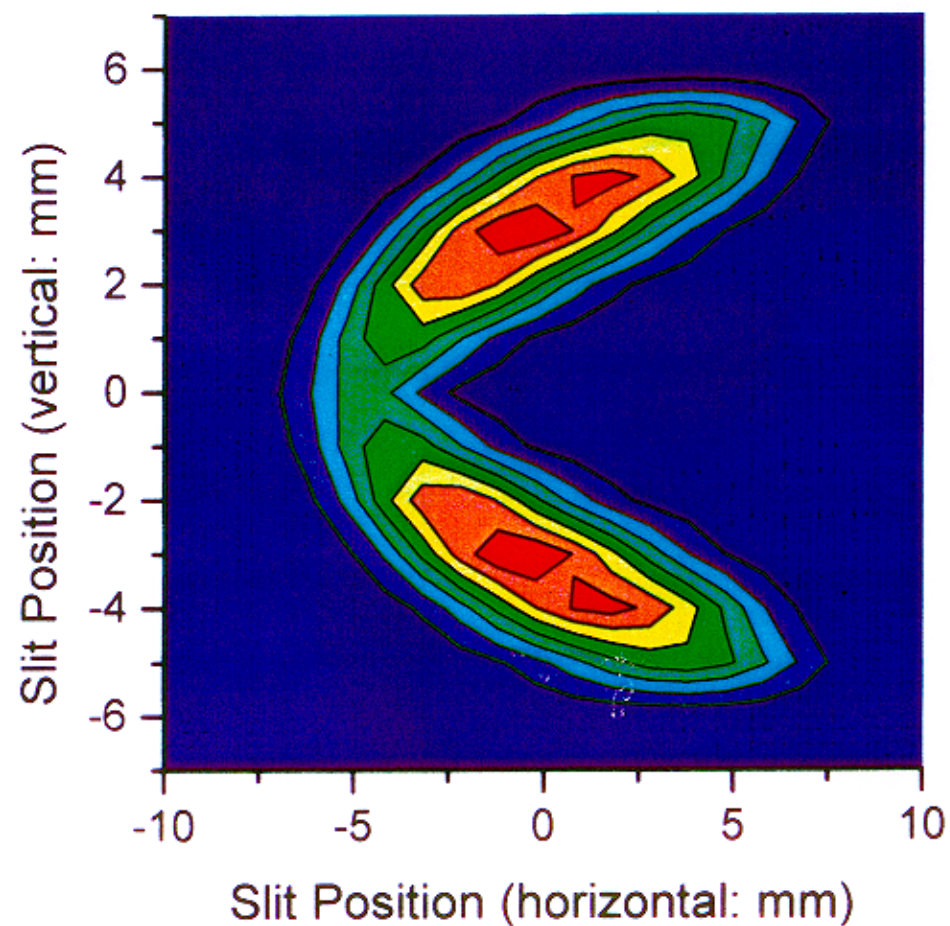


**Figure-8 U ( $\lambda u=100\text{mm}$ ,  $N=44$ )**

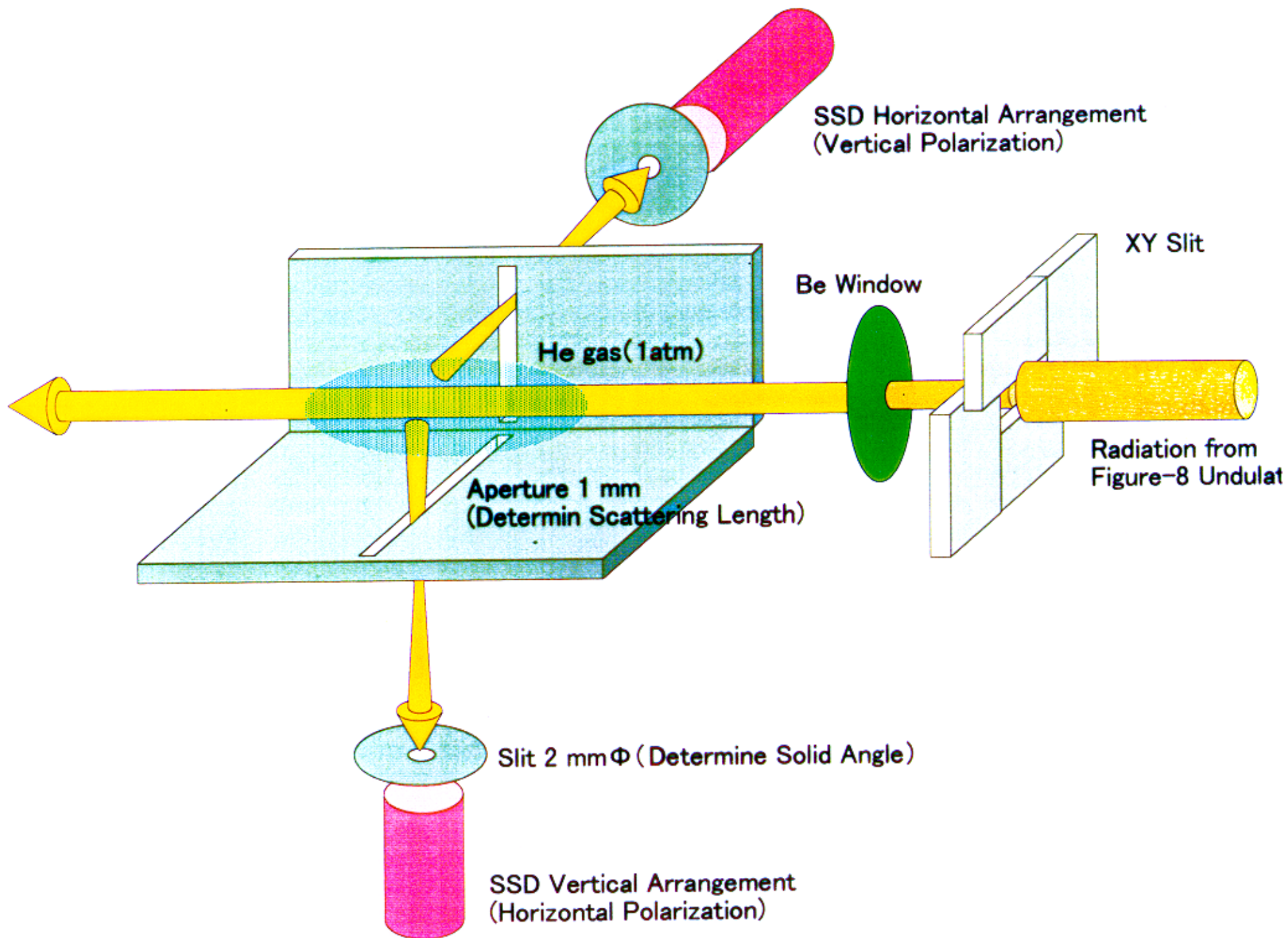


**INV-F8 ( $\lambda u=26\text{mm}$ ,  $N=172$ )**

Gap = 50 mm, Distance from the source = 29 m







# Measured spectra at various gap values

Counts(photons/sec/channel/mA)

