



17TH ADVANCED BEAM DYNAMICS WORKSHOP ON

FUTURE LIGHT SOURCES

Horizontal Focusing

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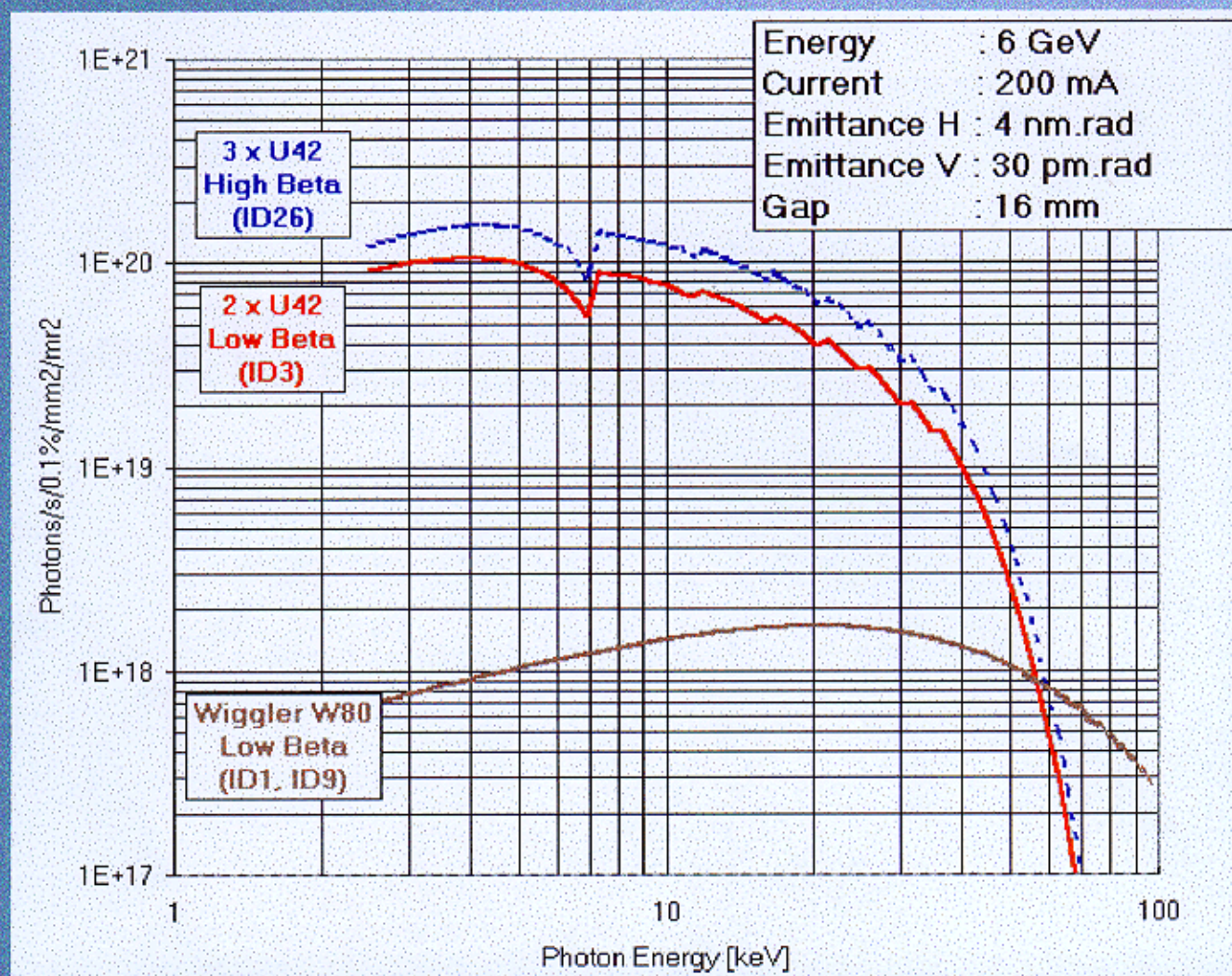
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HORIZONTAL FOCUSING

A. Ropert, P. Elleaume, L. Farvacque, J.M. Filhol,
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**POSSIBLE BRIGHTNESS-RELATED IMPROVEMENT OF
PERFORMANCES FOR AN OPERATING
THIRD GENERATION LIGHT SOURCE ?**

**BEST BRILLIANCE ROUTINELY ACHIEVED
AT THE ESRF AS OF JANUARY 1998**



HORIZONTAL **FOCUSING**



**POSSIBLE BRIGHTNESS-RELATED IMPROVEMENT OF
PERFORMANCES FOR AN OPERATING
THIRD GENERATION LIGHT SOURCE ?**



**MINIMIZATION OF THE PHOTON BEAM SIZE
AT THE SAMPLE**

❖ LOWER HORIZONTAL EMITTANCE

ESRF example: DBA $\Rightarrow \epsilon_x = 7$ NM
DISTRIBUTED DISPERSION $\Rightarrow \epsilon_x = 4$ NM
FURTHER REDUCTION ?
 $\epsilon_x = 3$ NM $\Rightarrow$ 1.7 GAIN IN BRILLIANCE

❖ LOWER COUPLING

ESRF example: PRESENT VALUE: 0.7 % $\Rightarrow \epsilon_z = 25$ PM
MEDIUM-TERM UPGRADE TO 0.3 %

❖ OPTIMIZATION OF THE β FUNCTION IN THE IDS

HORIZONTAL **FOCUSING**



PHOTON BEAM CHARACTERISTICS AT A DISTANCE D FROM THE SOURCE

SIZE:
$$\sigma = \left[\varepsilon \left(\beta + 2\alpha D + \frac{1 + \alpha^2}{\beta} D^2 \right) + D^2 \frac{\lambda}{2L} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

DIVERGENCE:
$$\sigma' = \left[\frac{1 + \alpha^2}{\beta} \varepsilon + \frac{\lambda}{2L} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

OBJECTIVE:

MINIMIZING THE SPOT SIZE AT THE SAMPLE

**BY OPERATING THE LATTICE
WITH A NON-ZERO α_x IN THE MIDDLE OF A
STRAIGHT SECTION**



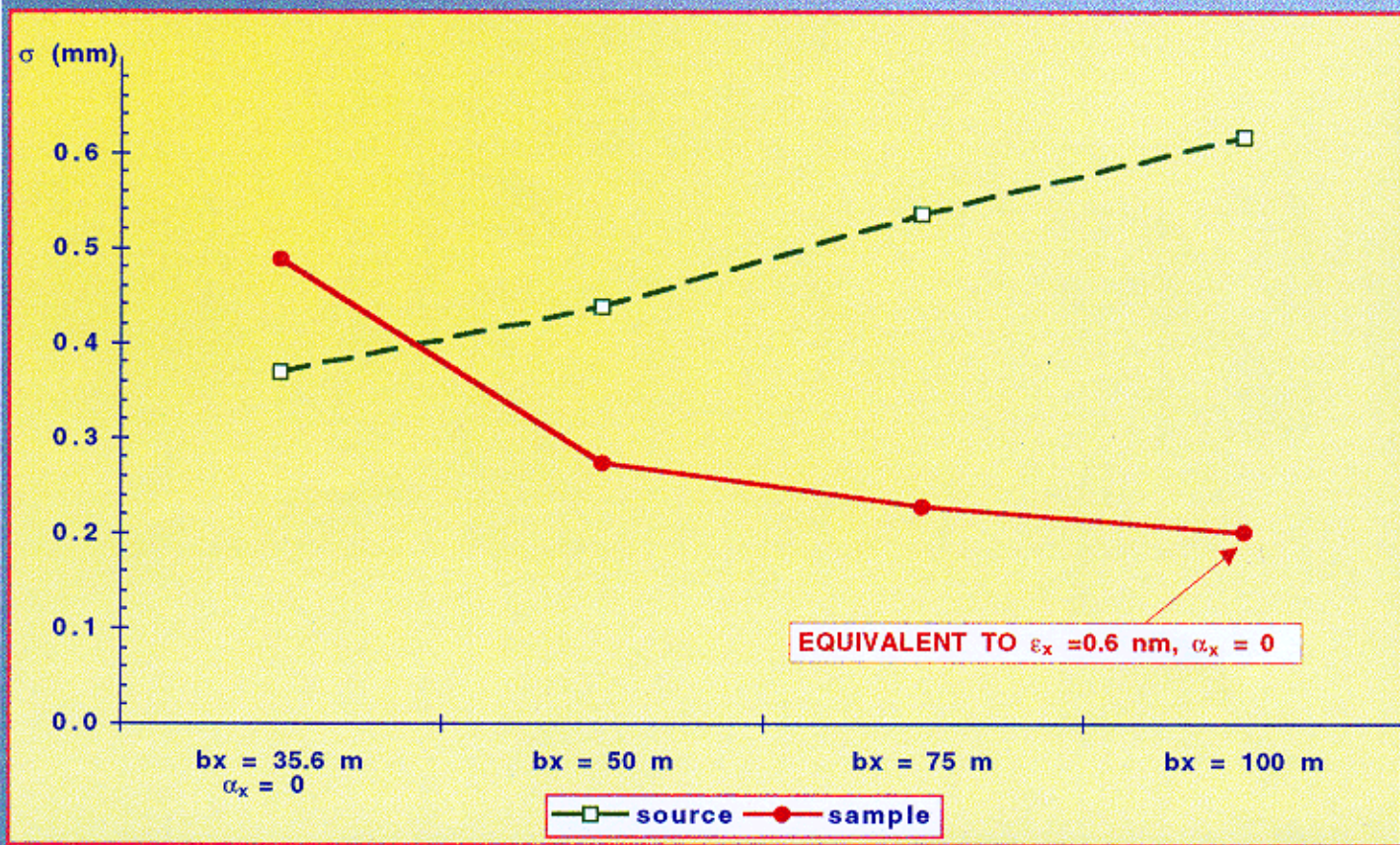
**VIRTUAL FOCUSING OF THE ELECTRON
BEAM SOMEWHERE DOWNSTREAM THE BEAM
LINE**

FOR A GIVEN β_x , σ IS MINIMUM FOR $\alpha_x = -\frac{\beta}{D}$

HORIZONTAL FOCUSING



COMPARISON OF BEAM SIZES AT A PHOTON ENERGY OF 20 keV AT A DISTANCE OF 30 M



MACHINE TUNING **CHALLENGES**



❖ **MAINTAIN THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE STANDARD OPTICS**

- ★ **ELECTRON BEAM EMITTANCES**
- ★ **β VALUES AT THE OTHER SOURCE POINTS**
- ★ **SYMMETRY WITHIN EACH CELL**



**STRATEGY TO MATCH THE INSERTION
TO THE REST OF THE LATTICE**

❖ **BREAKING THE PERIODICITY OF THE OPTICS**



NUMEROUS RESONANCES

REDUCED DYNAMIC APERTURE



LIFETIME REDUCTION

ONE STRAIGHT SECTION TUNED AT

$$\underline{\beta_x} = 50 \text{ M}, \underline{\alpha_x} = -1.1$$

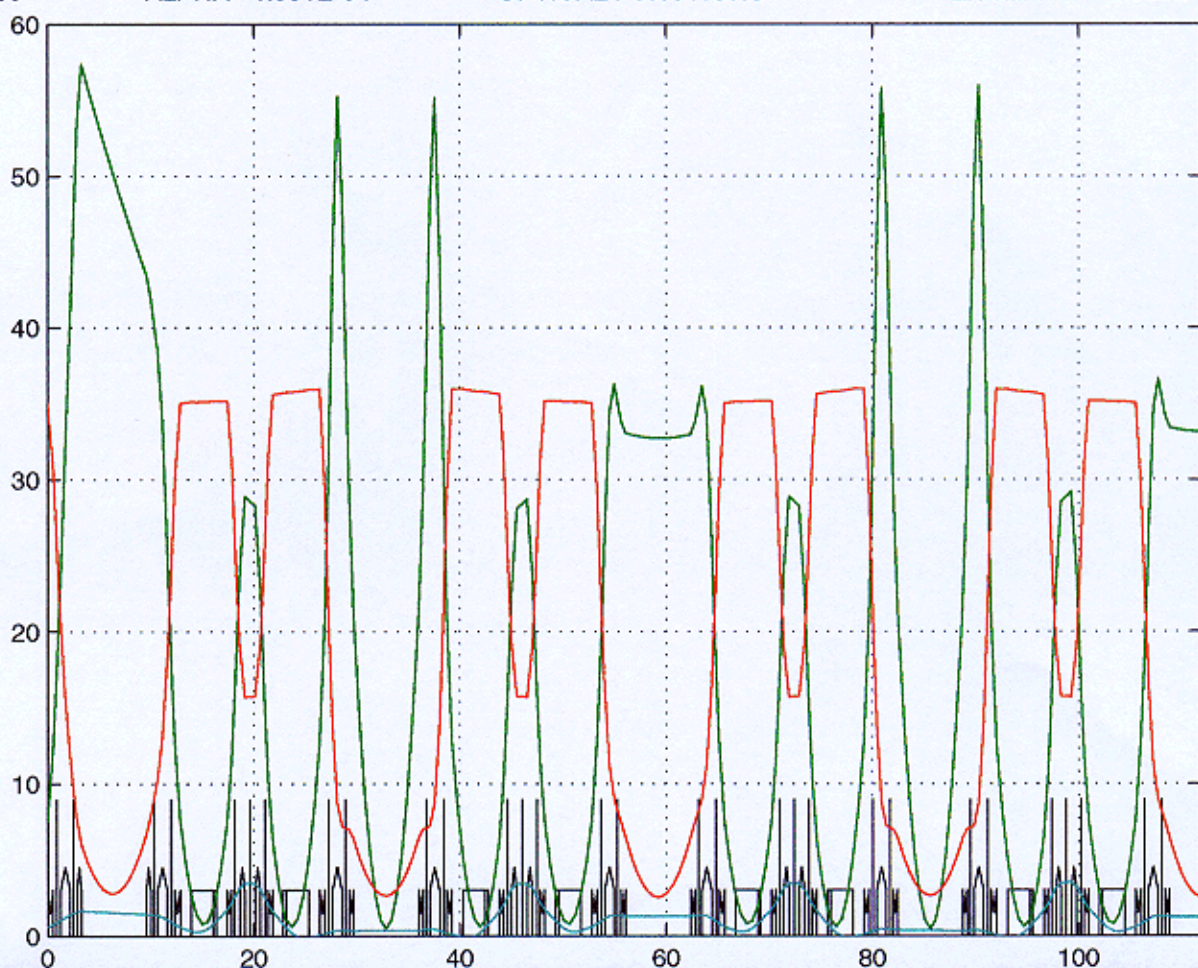


NUX = 36.438
NUZ = 14.390

R = 134.3889
ALPHA= 1.851E-04

OPTICAL FUNCTIONS

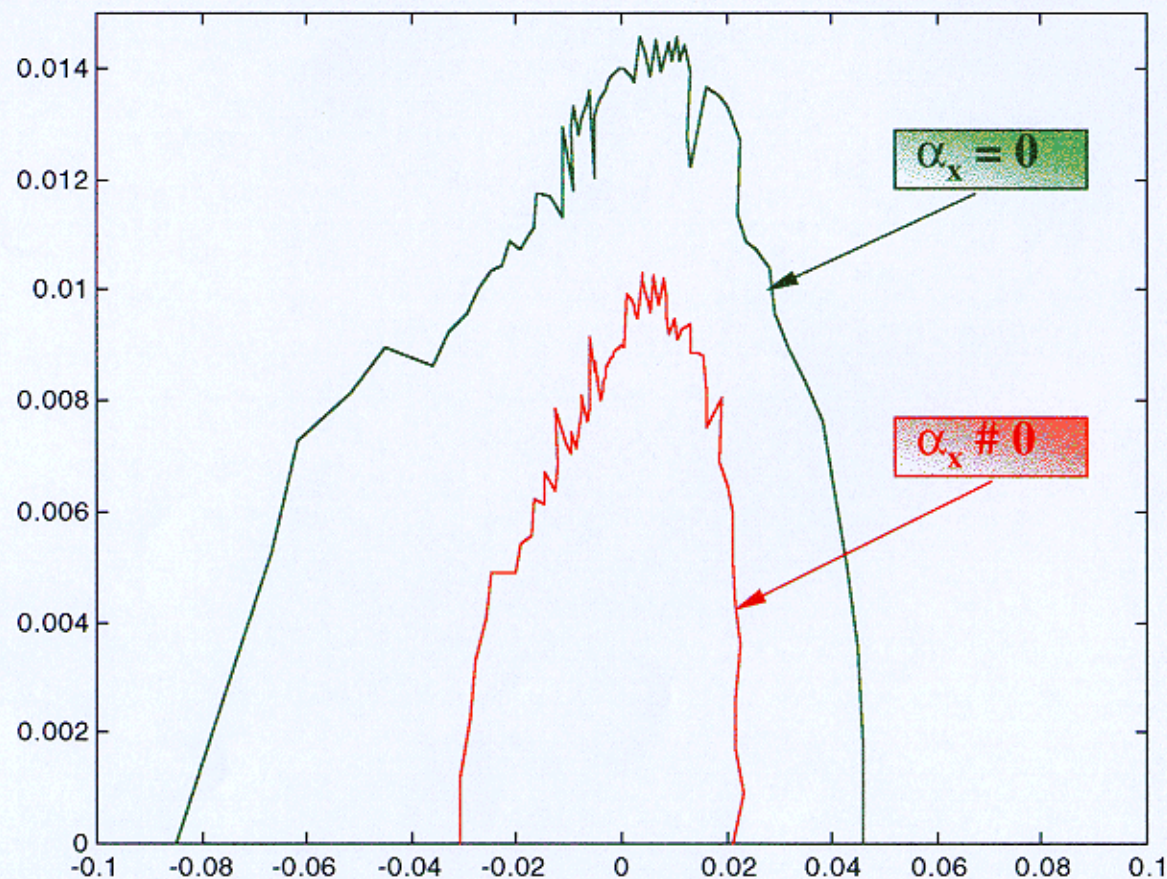
Ex/Gam**2= 2.686E-17



1 / 8 OF THE MACHINE

DYNAMIC ACCEPTANCE

REOPTIMIZATION OF FAMILY HARMONIC SEXTUPOLES
+ INDIVIDUAL TUNING IN THE α # 0 STRAIGHT SECTION



PRESENT STATUS



**FIRST TESTS PERFORMED WITH ONE STRAIGHT
SECTION TUNED AT $\beta_x = 50$ M, $\alpha_x = -1.1$**

STRAIGHTFORWARD TUNING

➤ **INJECTION EFFICIENCY: 90 %**

➤ **RAMPING AT 200 MA**

➤ **LIFETIME: 41 H AT 100 MA**

**TO BE COMPARED TO 45 H
FOR THE STANDARD OPTICS**

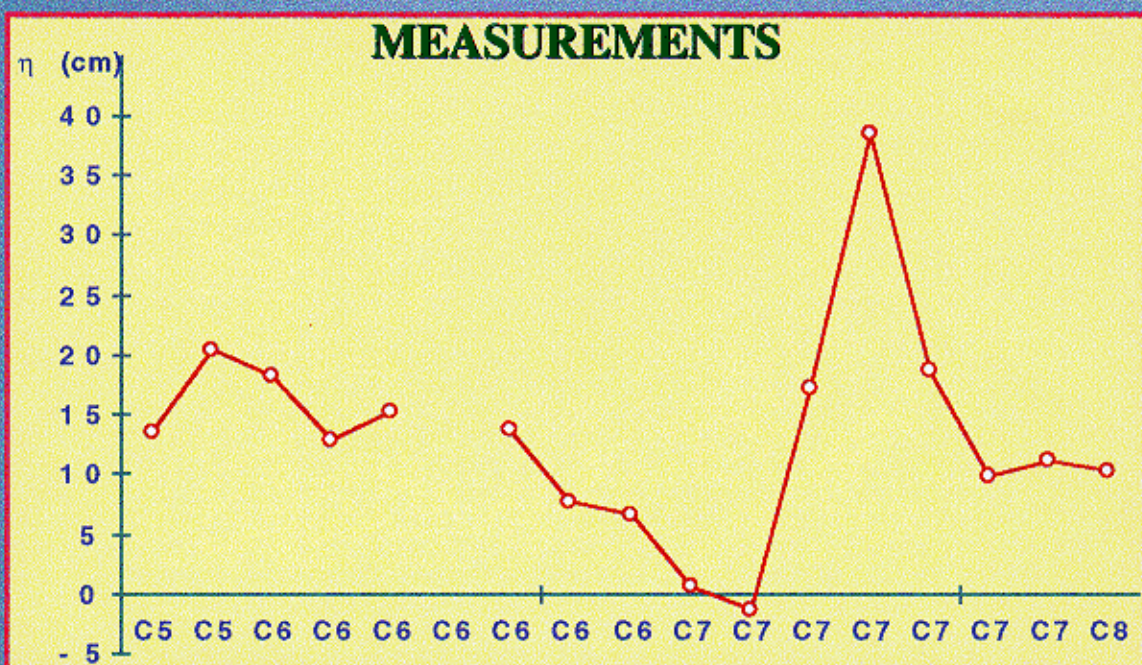
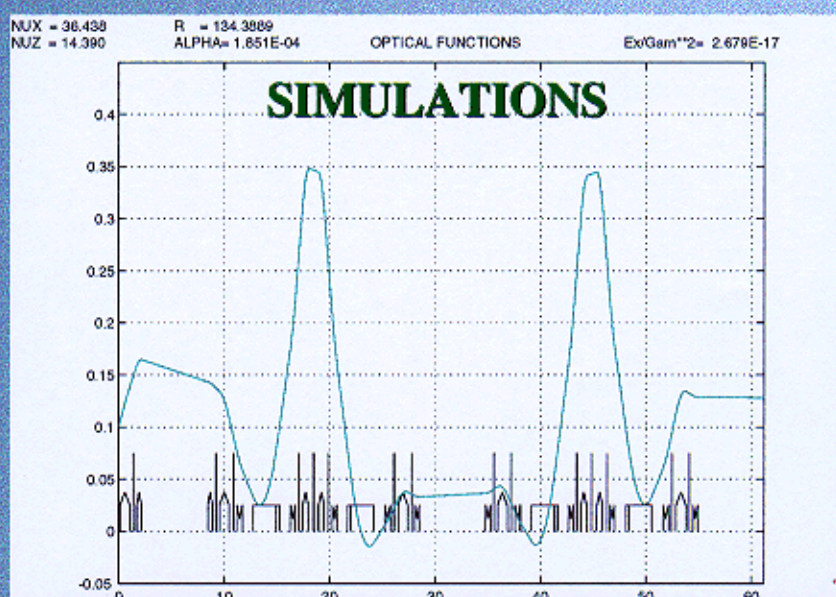
➤ **MEASURED CHARACTERISTICS OF THE OPTICS
CLOSE TO PREDICTIONS**

OTHER TUNING ALSO TESTED: $\beta_x = 55$ M, $\alpha_x = -1.6$

MEASURED CHARACTERISTICS



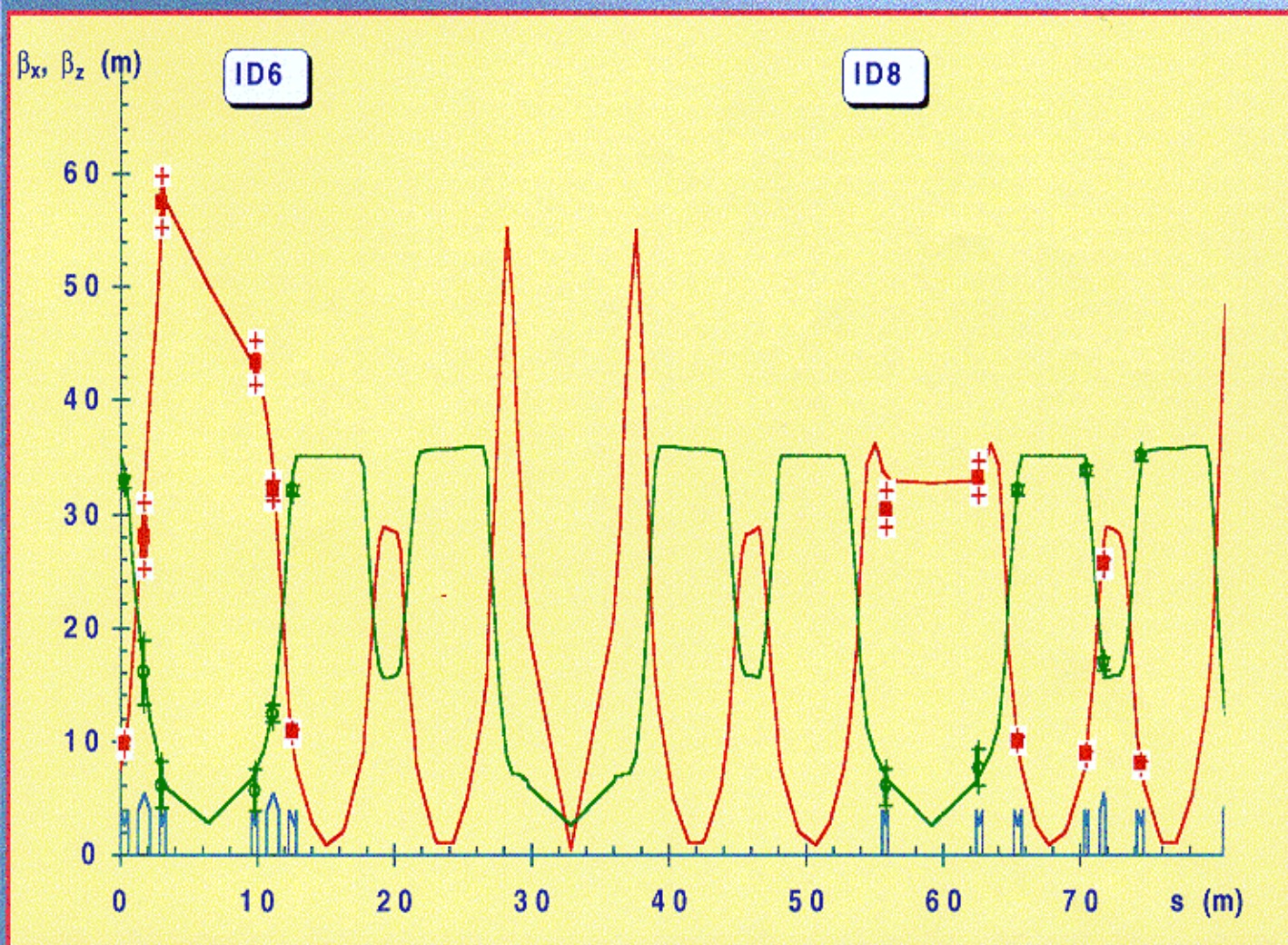
DISPERSION



MEASURED β -FUNCTIONS



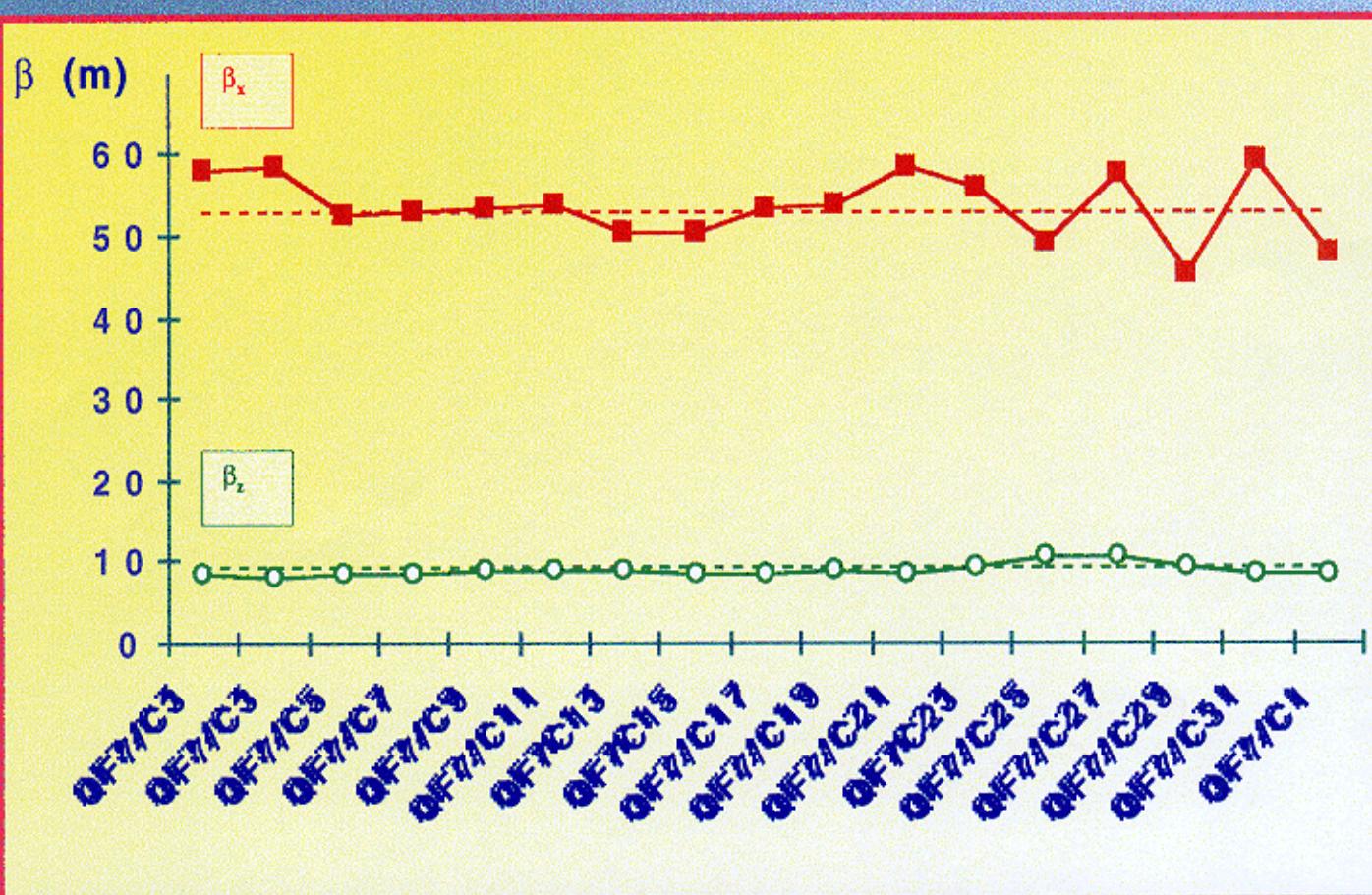
IN THE MODIFIED STRAIGHT SECTION



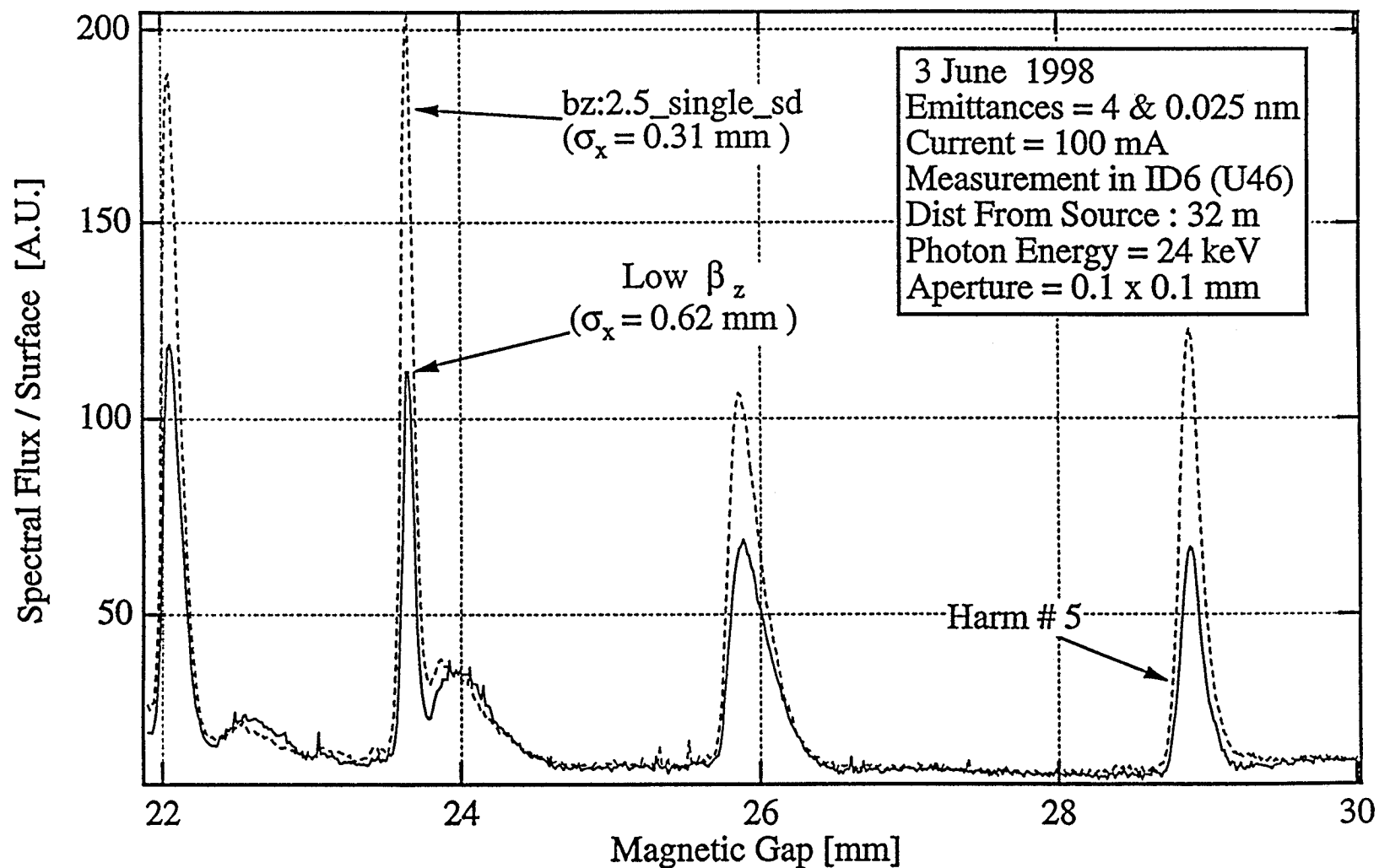
MEASURED β -FUNCTIONS



ALONG THE MACHINE



Focusing the Electron Beam in ID6



CONCLUSIONS



 **NEW POSSIBILITIES OPENED BY INDIVIDUAL STRAIGHT SECTION TUNABILITY**

 **FUTURE PLANS:**

❖ PROBE THE ULTIMATE LIMIT OF CONVERGENCE OF THE ELECTRON BEAM ($\beta_{\max}$?)

❖ TEST THE POSSIBILITY OF PROVIDING HORIZONTAL FOCUSING IN SEVERAL STRAIGHT SECTIONS SIMULTANEOUSLY