

# Multiphoton Phenomena

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# Overview

1. Multiphoton absorption
2. Other multiphoton processes in atoms
3. Frequency mixing, harmonic generation
4. Parametric down conversion
5. 4 wave mixing
6. Atom optics density modulations, atom interferometer, . . .
7. stimulated Brillouin scattering
8. Phase conjugation (done by 5. or 7.)



# Multiphoton Absorption

Lowest order perturbation theory for N-photon absorption:

$$\frac{dP}{dt}(t) = [1 - P(t)] \sigma_{(N)} \Phi^N(t) \quad (1)$$

but: AC Stark shift may shift levels, modify rates

At high fields, atomic levels are irrelevant

Dimensionless EM field amplitude [1]:

$$a = \frac{e|\mathbf{A}|}{mc^2} \quad (2)$$

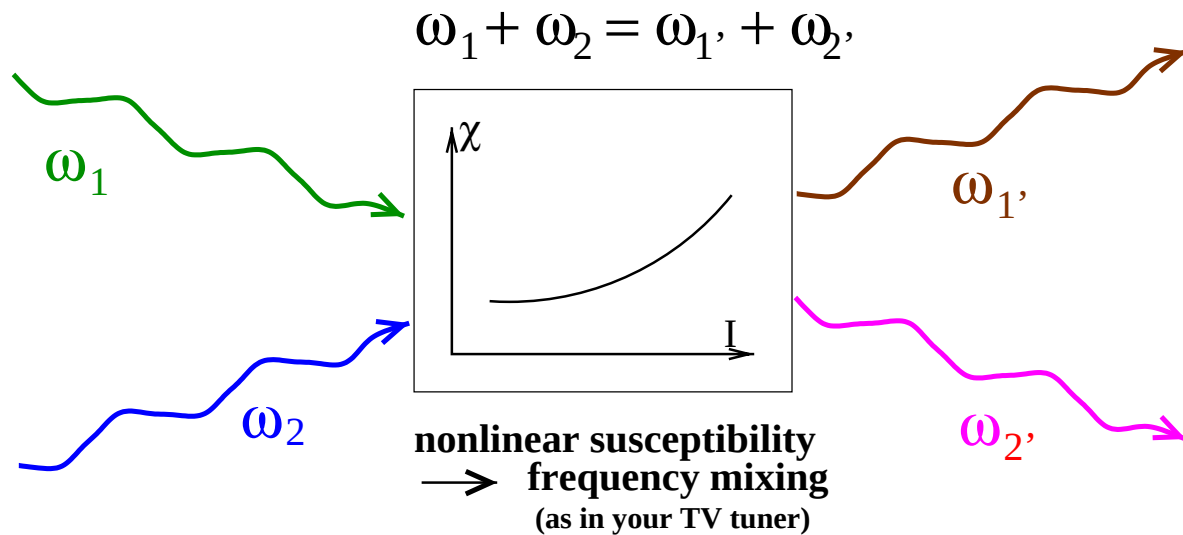
Kinetic energy of electron:

$$\frac{e^2 A^2}{2mc^2}, \quad \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{k}} = \left( \frac{\hbar}{2\epsilon_0 V \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{1/2} \hat{a}_{\mathbf{k}} \epsilon_{\mathbf{k}} \quad (3)$$

[1] A. Pukhov, J. Meyer-ter-Vehn, Phys. of Plasmas **5**  
1880 (1998)



# Nonlinear Optics



Nonlinear polarization:

$$P_i = \chi_{ij}^{(1)} E_j + \chi_{ijk}^{(2)} E_j E_k + \chi_{ijkl}^{(3)} E_j E_k E_l + \dots \quad (4)$$

$$\chi_{ijk}^{(2)} \left( E_j(\omega_1) E_k(\omega_2) e^{i(\omega_1 \pm \omega_2)t} + \dots \right) \quad (5)$$

sum, difference frequency

Energy conservation (temporal phase matching):  $\omega_1 + \omega_2 = \omega_{1'} + \omega_{2'}$

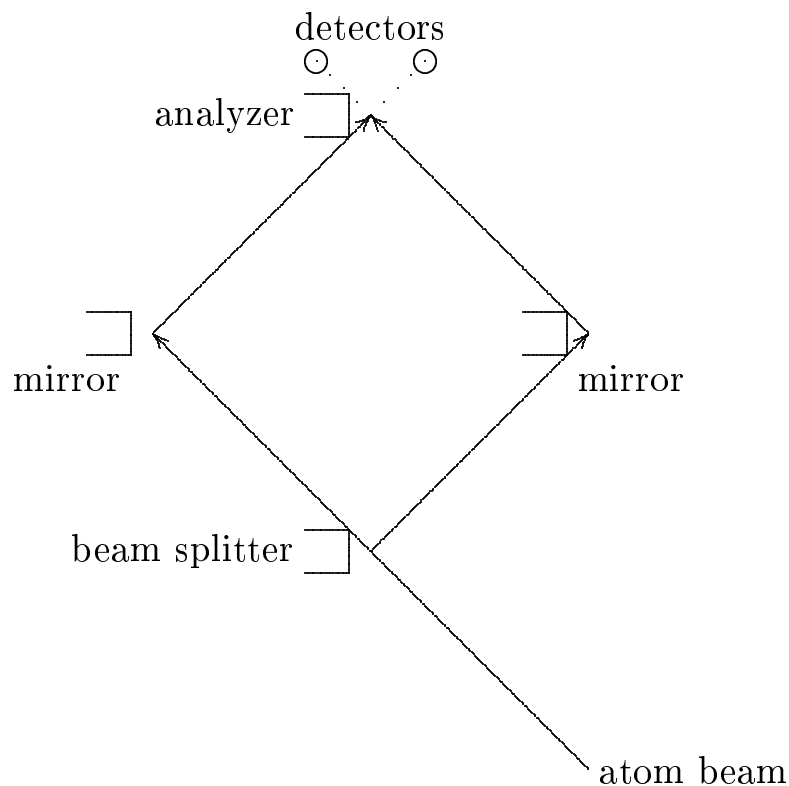
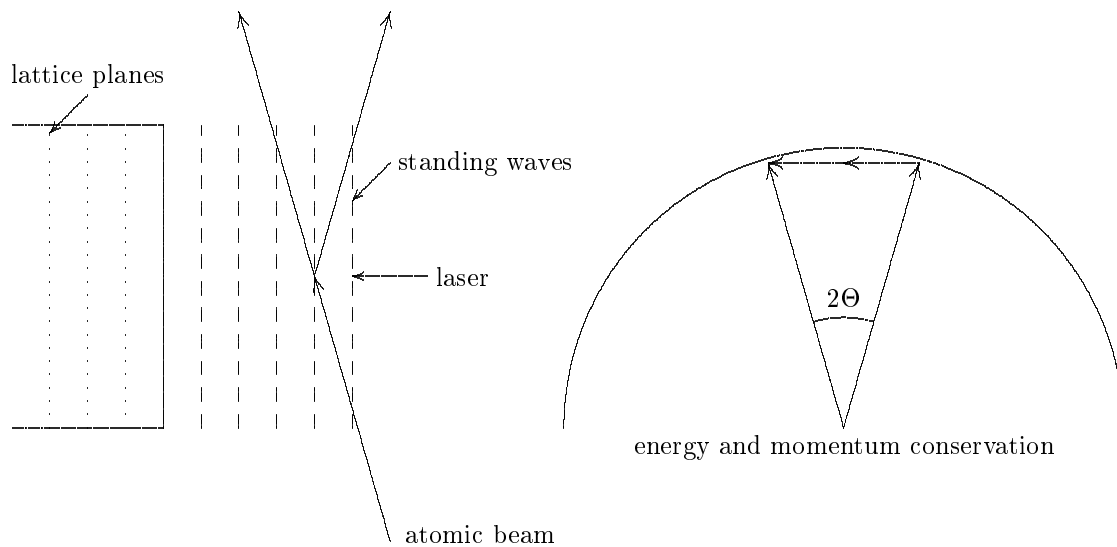
Phase matching in space:  $\mathbf{k}_1 + \mathbf{k}_2 \approx \mathbf{k}_{1'} + \mathbf{k}_{2'} + \mathbf{H}$   
 $\approx$  depending on coherence volumes

**or:** momentum transfer between modes in 4 wave mixing

Spontaneous parametric decay if one real, one virtual photon on input side

# Atom beam interferometer

P.J. Martin, B.G. Oldaker, A.H. Miklich, D.E. Pritchard,  
PRL **60**, 515 (1988)



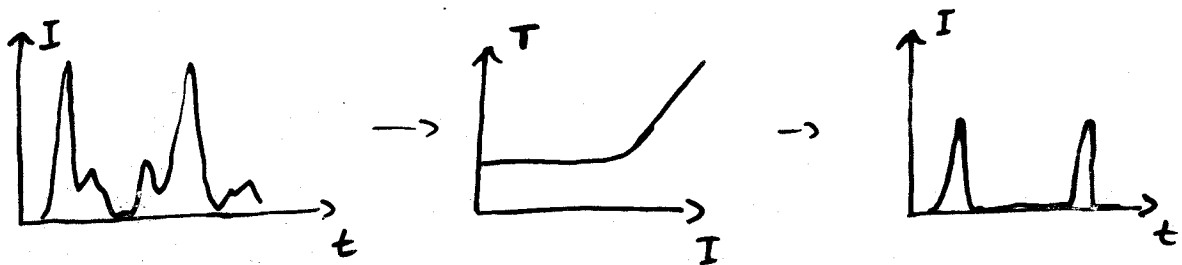
B. Adams, A. Schenzle, in procs. Intl. Workshop X-Ray  
FEL appl., 16.-17. sept. 1996 at HASYLAB



# Modulated Atom beam as Optical Element

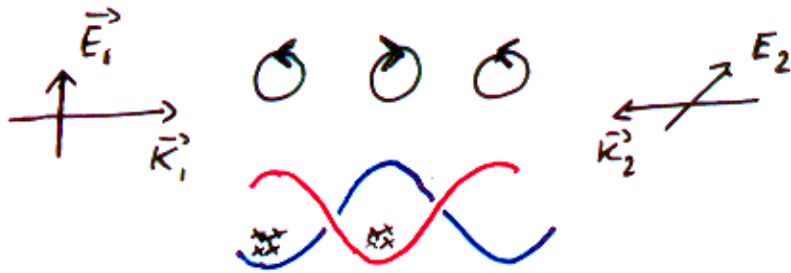
## Further Topics

bleachable absorber to  
select largest spikes

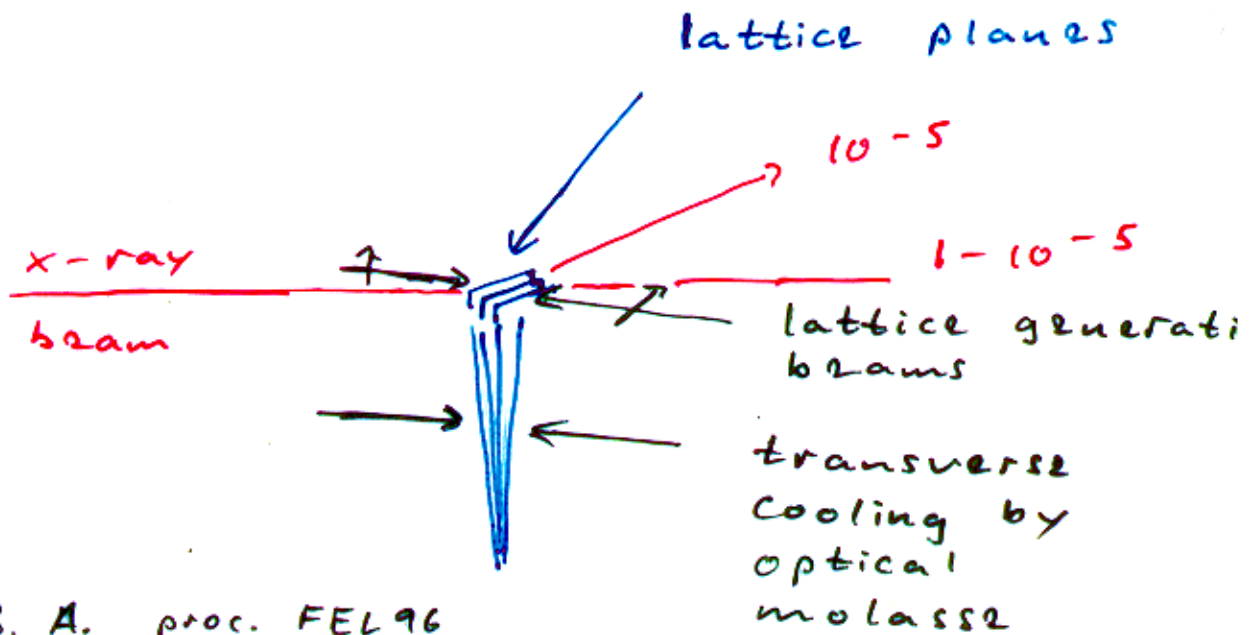


# Modulated Atom beam as Optical Element

Laser Induced Lattices as  
Optical Elements



ponderomotive potential due to  
Zeeman splitting



B. A. proc. FEL96  
II-26